

NO VICTORY YET IN SIGHT AFTER TEN DAYS' FIGHTING ALONG BANKS OF THE AISNE

**BOTH ALLIES AND GERMANS
CLAIM ADVANTAGES BUT
REAL DECISION IN CRU-
CIAL BATTLE IS FAR
DISTANT**

RAIN ADDS TO HORROR

**Rivers Flooded and Trenches
Filled With Water Causing
Great Privations—Report of
German Retreat Is Not Con-
firmed.**

There is no victory as yet for either side in the battle of the Aisne which has now raged in France for ten days. Both sides claim successes and favorable positions.

The ten days of desperate battle and fierce fighting artillery fire day and night; infantry charges in which the fighting has been hand to hand, and cavalry onslaughts when opportunity offered, has shown one result—the soldiers of the three nations engaged are becoming exhausted. The human machine is weakening under the frightful demands made upon it. Guilt in the battling are ascribed simply to utter fatigue.

Another factor which is having notable effect on the conduct of the operation, has been the weather. An incessant cold rain has flooded the valley of the Aisne. The river has overflowed its banks. Roads and fields are heavy mud and trenches are filled with water. The men are drenched to the skin day and night, and French soldiers coming to Paris from the front are crusted with mud. Worn out men are succumbing to the hardships of fighting and living in the open under such weather conditions.

Transportation of all kinds, for both sides, is rendered much more difficult. It is even said that the Germans can no longer move their heavy artillery with effective promptness on account of heavy roads. The men are camping in water and the French say the Germans are suffering from lack of food.

While neither side claims any decisive outcome, yet there appears to be good reason to believe that the battle is drawing to some definite development. Military opinion both in London and Paris leans to the conviction that the present lines, battered for ten days, soon will have to show noticeable changes. The fighting is fiercest on the Allies' left, where desperate efforts are being made to turn the flank of the German army under General Von Kluck. Von Kluck has been re-enforced, but in spite of this the French, in late official reports, claim an advantage, though it is

GERMANY ACHIEVES BRILLIANT SUCCESS IN WAR LOAN PLAN

**Larger Part of Billion and a Half Fund
Has Already Been Subscribed—
Bonds Sell Readily.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Berlin, Sept. 21, by wireless.—Subscriptions thus far received to the German loan have assured the brilliant success of the war loan plan. One paper speaks of the public response as the "victory of those at the Somme."

The call was for 4,200,000,000 marks (\$1,500,000,000). With a number of reports not yet received the total subscriptions to the imperial bonds already is 2,940,000,000 marks. The treasury certificates which were offered to the amount of 1,000,000,000 marks have been oversubscribed by 260,000,000 marks.

The newspaper expresses pride that this result has been reached without foreign subscription or the necessity of sending subscription blanks to many of the well-to-do Germans now in the field. On account of the unexpected success, the final terms of payments have been postponed until December.

Last night's report from headquarters stated that the German armies in France everywhere have assumed the offensive against the enemy.

SERBIAN SUCCESSES REPORTED AT NISH

**Austrian Attempts to Cross Save and
Drina Rivers Have Been Check-
ed—Serbs Take Supplies.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Nish, Serbia, via London, 10:09 a. m.—An official communication reviewing the Serbian campaign, says: "The enemy's attempt to cross the Drina on the Lositza river line have again failed and all the Austrian attempts to cross the Save on the Mitrovica-Sarajevo front have also been unsuccessful. Nothing of importance was reported from the Save-Danube front."

"The enemy retiring from Visegrad, Bosnia, forty miles southeast of Sarajevo, abandoned all his stores, our troops seizing 20,000 kilograms (which is about 44,000 pounds) of flour, 30,000 tons of meat, many blankets, a field hospital with 100 wounded and all medical stores, and forty railway wagons."

"Montenegrins, after carrying the fortress of Potcho and Gorasga in Bosnia, captured Javina on September 16, and took Rogovica on the 20th. The morale of the troops is excellent but the Austrians are completely demoralized and are flying panic stricken. The Montenegrin army is only 15 kilometers, about 10 miles, from the Bosnian capital."

"The Serbian official press bureau today issued a denial of the reports from Vienna that the Serbians had retired from Belgrade, after losing six thousand prisoners and several pieces of artillery."

"The reports admit, however, that the Serbians evacuated Belgrade on strategic reasons. The retirement was accomplished in perfect order and the Austrians did not re-enter the city until two days later."

CAPTURE FIVE MEN FOR JEWELRY THEFT

**Three More Arrested in Chicago for
Sensational Gem Robbery at
Kankakee Last Week.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Chicago, Sept. 21.—Three men, believed to be the remainder of the quintet which robbed Mrs. Nellie Clark of jewelry valued at \$60,000 at Kankakee last week, were arrested here today.

On their persons the police found diamonds valued at \$4,000 and \$6,000 in currency, believed by the police to represent the proceeds of part the booty.

Two alleged members of the gang were captured near Monmouth last Saturday, and with today's capture the police think the entire gang is under arrest.

Cutting Corners: Complaint was made in municipal court today against L. L. Hilton and A. V. Lytle, for violating the city ordinance covering auto traffic rules. Cutting corners is the charge of the complaint.

RAIN RETARDS ALLIES

**Under ordinary weather conditions
the Anglo-French task would be
easier for the reason that Verdun,
heavily fortified, must fall before the
French right.**

"Second on the center in the Champagne and on the western slopes of the Argonne river, an exception being made of Souain, we have taken Mesnil-Les-Hurlus and Massiges, in the Woerthe district, the enemy (it) holds the region of Thiaucourt and has cannonaded Hazonclat."

"On our right wing in Lorraine and the Vosges, there is nothing new. The Germans are fortifying themselves in the vicinity of Delmelet to the south of Chateau Salins."

Retirement Unconfirmed.
London, Sept. 21.—England waited in vain today for confirmation of the report that the bulk of the German

RUSSIANS CONTINUE BATTLE IN GALICIA

**Brisk Fighting Now in Progress at
Jaroslau—Start Bombardment
of Zernytski.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
New York, Sept. 21.—Colonel Golejowski, military attaché at the Russian embassy, issued today at the Russian consulate here the following official statement which he said he had received from Petrograd.

"The Russian army near Jaroslau, which attempted to delay our advance near Baranow and Rzeszow, was driven back with heavy losses. Our artillery is bombarding Jaroslau, and our troops find batteries of guns abandoned by the Austrians."

Austrians Deny Defeat.
Manchester, Mass., Sept. 21.—The following account of the wireless telegram to Vienna was made public here this afternoon by Dr. K. Dumba, Austro-Hungarian minister to the United States.

"Foreign papers again publish reports about colossal Russian victories. We are said to have lost 250,000 dead and wounded, 100,000 prisoners and 300 guns. The Austro-Hungarian army is said to have been defeated. These, of course, are mere inventions. Our army has repeatedly defeated and continually weakened the Russian army. It is now ready to fight a new battle."

Paris, Sept. 21.—In a message from Petrograd the Havas correspondent says that during the past three days the Russians in Galicia have captured 15,000 Austrians, including 150 officers, many cannon, quick firing guns and supplies also have been taken.

Montenegrins Active.
London, Sept. 21.—A Montenegrin army is only ten miles from Sarajevo, the capital of Bosnia, according to dispatch received today by the Montenegrin minister at the foreign office at Cetinje.

Continuing, this communication says that the Austrian army is retiring rapidly before the Montenegrins and that they are abandoning rapid firing guns and stores of all descriptions.

HARRY K. THAW RECEIVES PAYMENT FROM WILL OF FATHER, WILLIAM THAW

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 21.—An order issued in Orphan's court here today provides the payment to Harry K. Thaw of \$12,000, due him from the John C. Thaw Trust, created by the will of his father, Wm. Thaw. It was the second payment made to Thaw since last June, when he won his suit against the Fidelity Trust and Trust company of Pittsburgh, trustee compelling to pay him the money as it became due. At that time he received \$180,786.

FORTS AT TSING TAU ARE RUINED BY JAPS

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Paris, Sept. 21.—Telegraphing from Petrograd a correspondent of the Havas agency says:

"A report received here from Vladivostok declares that Japanese aeroplanes throwing bombs, have destroyed two of the important forts at Tsing Tau."

MAY ADD WING TO OLD PRINTERS' HOME

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)
Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 21.—That the board would decide to expend \$120,000 in new wing to the old Union Printers' home began their annual meeting here. The board will be asked to decide regarding extensive plans for improvements formulated by John C. Dailey, superintendent. The International Typographical union convention recently voted to increase the per capita tax for the home from 15 to 20 cents a month, the money to be used to go to a referendum vote. This would add \$12,000 a month to the home's income.

BANKER IS SHOT BUT FORCES ROBBERS TO FLEE WITHOUT GETTING MONEY

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GREEKS OF SHEBOYGAN LEAVE FOR WAR SERVICE

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Sheboygan, Sept. 21.—Forty members of the local Greek colony left this morning for Milwaukee enroute for their native land for war service. The departure of them left Sunday for Chicago, having received rush orders to return.

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Adjourn Cases: Civil action cases scheduled in the municipal court to- day were adjourned by the attorney. The cases are: The Field Lumber Co. and J. E. Deneen vs. Katherine J. Myers, was settled out of court and no appearance made by the contesting parties. The action of Andrew Peter son vs. John A. Tuck, was adjourned for two weeks' time.

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DENY THAT GERMANY IS READY TO ENTER PEACE NEGOTIATIONS

**Berlin Reports Contradict Alleged
Statements of Count Von Bern-
storff, German Ambassador
to United States.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Berlin, via London, Sept. 21.—Commenting upon the alleged statement of Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador to the United States, that his nation was looking for peace upon condition that the entry of German territory would be preserved, or as so presented in Washington dispatches, the North German Gazette, the official organ, declared in its issue of September 20, that the government had not even considered the matter.

"The assertions are intended," the paper says, "to foster the impression that we have tired of the war in spite of our victories in the east and west. Peace may not be looked for until the war, forced on our people, is brought to an honorable conclusion."

The statement also made reference to the press on other points of the line. In this respect it says: "The attacks on the French are progressing at several points in the central Vosges at Donon, near Sepones, twenty-seven miles southeast of Lunéville, and near Saales, in the German Vosges, their offensive has been repulsed. There is no news from the eastern (Russian front) camp."

OLD MOUNT LASSEN ONCE MORE ERUPTS

**Crater in Forty-Eighth Disturbance
Since May 30th.—One Crater of
Four is Still Sealed.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Redding, Cal., Sept. 21.—Mount Lassen this morning erupted for the 48th time since May 30. Today's eruption was the first which was accompanied by an earthquake, which occurred about three o'clock this morning.

Three weeks not far below the main crater, the ancient one still sealed, the new main crater, near by a third crater formed by the eruption of the last three weeks, now has four craters, the old one, the new one, and a fissure blown open to day.

PRAYERS FOR PEACE ARE OFFERED BY CATHOLICS

Catholic congregations of Janesville closed each mass service yesterday with prayers for world peace. These will be continued until the European conflict is ended and satisfactory resolution of international affairs between the belligerent countries are once more established. Pope Benedict has ordered such devotions throughout the Catholic world and through Bishop Messmer of the Milwaukee diocese the diocese came to Rev. Eugene Reilly, pastor of St. Patrick's congregation and to Rev. W. A. Goebel, pastor of St. Mary's congregation.

BELOIT "FEDERALS" GUESTS OF LOCAL POSTOFFICE FORCE

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In all about fifty were at the Bear camp. An extremely enjoyable and pleasure profitable day was experienced. Meals were served on the grounds. At the Crystal Springs ball grounds during the afternoon the visitors showed their prowess in the national pastime and defeated the Janesville base ballists, 9 to 8. They returned home at a late hour last evening.

STATE UNIVERSITY OPENS: FEW CHANGES IN FACULTY

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)
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The faculty has few changes this fall. The administrative side of the institution loses the business manager, Dr. H. C. Bumpus, who last week was offered the presidency of Tufts college, Boston, and who will accept. The regents at their next meeting will undoubtedly take action looking to a successor. Only two or three professors who went abroad are detained in Europe.

GOVERNMENT OPENS LARGE LAND CONTRACT

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)
Durango, Colo., Sept. 21.—Two hundred and twenty-five thousand acres of federal land in Colorado were opened for entry here and at Montrose, Colo., and hundreds of applications under the federal land laws are expected. The department of the interior took action on recommendation of the Colorado land bureau board.

The land is in Doiores, Montezuma and Montrose counties, having been held by the federal land office company, under the federal Carey act. The state land board concluded that the Dolores company could not carry out its plans and recommended to the interior department that public entry be re-established.

MAKING DREAMS REALITIES

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RHEIMS CATHEDRAL IS MASS OF RUINS

**MAGNIFICENT EDIFICE SHELLED
BY GERMAN ARTILLERY IS
ENTIRELY DESTROYED.**

USED AS A HOSPITAL

**Bombardment Continued Despite Fact
That Cathedral Carried Red Cross
Flag and Harbored Wounded
Germans.**

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
London, Sept. 21.—The Rheims correspondent of the Daily Mail sends this story of the damage wrought in the cathedral there.

"The magnificent cathedral of Rheims which was a national monument of universal fame, is now no more than an empty shell of charred and blackened walls. It is not yet known to what extent its stone work has been weakened by the flames or whether it can later be restored. But it will never be what it was before."

The fire started between four and five Sunday afternoon after shells had been crashing into the town all day.

Used as German Hospital.
The cathedral on Thursday had been turned into a hospital for the Germans and to secure the protection of the building the protection of the Red Cross flag. When the first shell struck the roof, everyone believed it was merely a stray shot, but later in the day a German battery on the four miles away began making the great Gothic cathedral its particular target.

"Shell after shell crashed its way into the old masonry and stone work that had stood the storms for centuries, or fell into the deserted seats round about. At half past four some scaffolding around on the east end of the cathedral, where repairs were going on, caught fire. Then the roof of the old oak timbers started and soon the ceilings of the nave and transepts were a roaring furnace."

The Germans wounded would have burned alive, the French doctors had not discovered them at great personal risk."

Von Kluck's Strategy Fails.
Some reports received in London declared that the Rheims cathedral, a German counter attack on Rheims is found in a movement of the allies which has virtually isolated Rheims from Laon, a town 30 miles to the northwest. It is a true ally of General Von Kluck's marvelous strategy in protecting his sorely pressed left flank will have proved futile.

More or less definite rumor continues to circulate in London to the effect that the Germans are preparing a great retreat from France on their own border fortifications. Latest of these is a story related by a French officer who has returned to Paris. This Frenchman declares that an aeroplane reconnaissance has given rise to the conviction that a large portion of the German forces are retiring, accompanied by trains of heavy stores and leaving only \$200,000 men to cover the retreat.

According to advices received here the advance of the Sarbo-Montenegrin forces into Austria continues, while the Montenegrins are reported within a few miles of Sarajevo, the capital of Bosnia. According to this intelligence a combined Sarbo-Montenegrin expects to enter Sarajevo within a few days.

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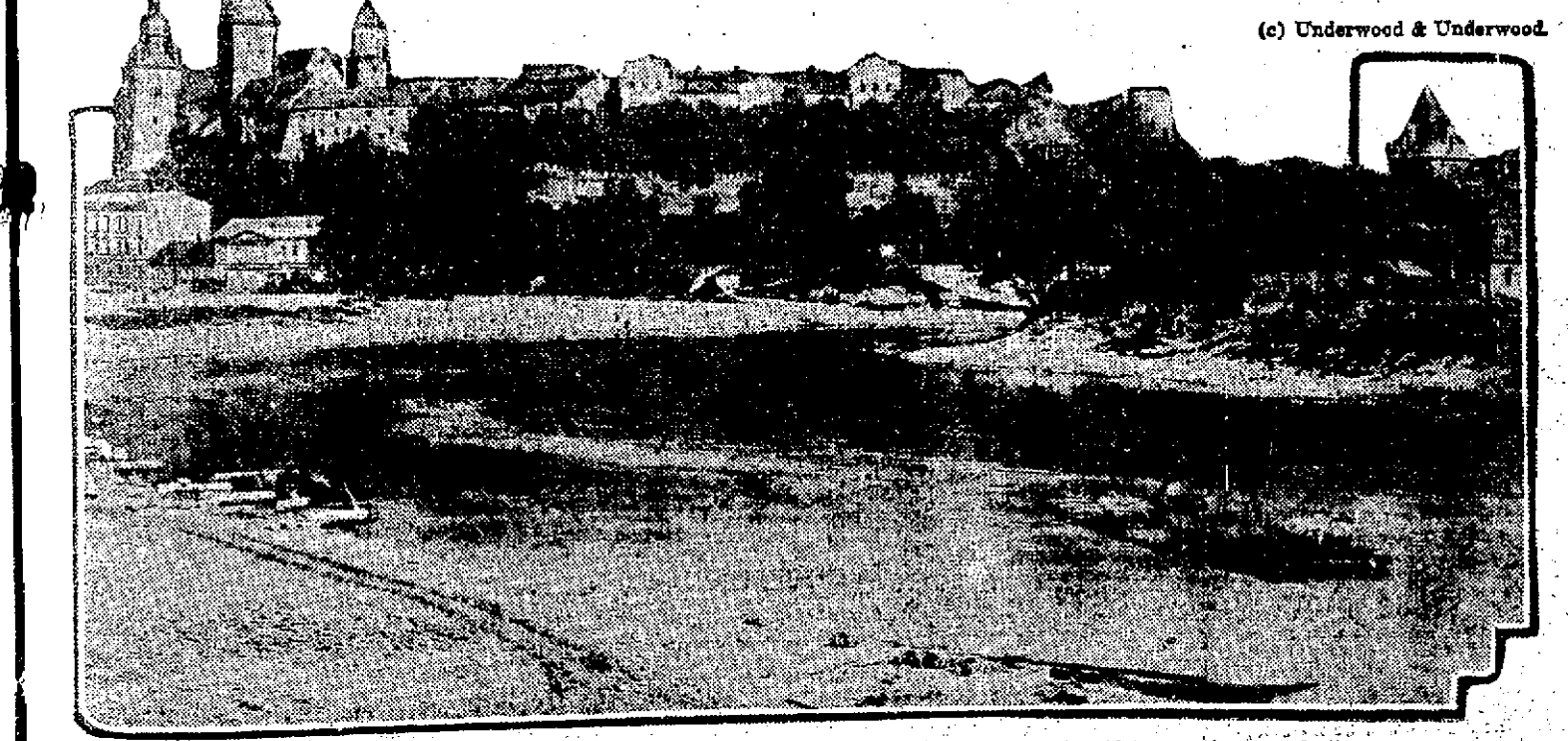
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IN CRACOW, ANCIENT CAPITAL OF POLAND, AUSTRIANS EXPECTED TO MAKE FIRM STAND

At the city of Cracow, the ancient capital of Poland, the Austrians are expected to make their most desperate stand against the Russian invaders. Cracow is one of the most strongly fortified cities of the dual monarchy, and its fortifications are being strengthened for what is likely to be the most desperate struggle in the eastern theater of war. Cracow's fortified citadel (the building in the background with the turreted battlements) stands on a cliff overlooking and commanding the Vistula river.



View of Cracow, Austria, showing Vistula river and fortified citadel.



RED CROSS WEEK

This week will be Red Cross week all over America. Red Cross dealers everywhere will display these famous Style-Comfort Shoes.

Little Mary Pickford says:

"I have found that the Red Cross Shoe contains Perfect Style with Utter Comfort." Isn't that your problem?



Prices \$4 to \$6

Last issue of the daintily printed and illustrated issue of The Red Cross Style Book will be mailed free on request.

D.J. LUBY

Spirit of Independence.

"The spirit of American independence is growing stronger every year." "Mebbe 'us," assented Uncle Flosole. "Mebbe 'us." When I was a young feller there had a man to call the fingers at a dance. An' you bet we tried to mind him. Now everybody gets out on the floor an' lets his feet do jes' about as they please."



TALENTED.
Mrs. Hiram Daly—Why, Bridget, I didn't know you could write! Bridget—Yis, mum. Me writin' has got me many a place. I write all at me own recommendations.

"An Army Moves Upon Its Stomach"

It cannot move faster than its supply train—men cannot march and fight without healthful, sustaining food.

In the Battle of Life, you cannot go fast or far without nourishing, health-building food.

Such a food is

Grape-Nuts

It is scientifically prepared to supply the greatest amount of nutriment in concentrated, easily digestible form.

While war in Europe is sending up the price of all foods in America, remember there's delicious flavor, economy and better health in Grape-Nuts.

No Advance In Price

AMBITION FOR POWER CAUSED WORLD'S WAR

REV. DAVID BEATON GIVES MASTERFUL ADDRESS ON CRISIS, AT BAPTIST CHURCH.

HISTORY PROVES POINT

Germany Contesting England's Power on Sea and Her Colonial Expansion Real Causes of Strife.

Those who attended the morning service at the Baptist church Sunday and heard with pensive interest the address on "The European Situation" by Rev. David Beaton, were rewarded with a clear explanation of the present crisis. Dr. Beaton closely confined his address to a broad view of the war, free from petty prejudices and gave the large audience a clear understanding of the deep-rooted, political and fundamental events leading to the mighty conflict.

At no time during his discourse did Dr. Beaton confine his remarks adversely to any of the belligerent nations but rather sifted the causes down to the growth in modern history of Great Britain and Germany, showing how each of these powers slowly but surely had progressed to a point of dominance, where resort to arms was necessary to settle the national question of each nation. The attitude of the speaker was strictly that of an American citizen, dealing with his subject purely from an American standpoint.

Briefly, Dr. Beaton summed up the fundamental causes of the war as being an armed test for the supreme rule in commercial and colonial expansion. History was reviewed in explaining the situation and the speaker evidenced his clear knowledge of modern conditions and an understanding of the events which lead to the hostility that is rocking the world. Dr. Beaton, in part, said:

"One hundred years ago the cradle from which this war was born was being rocked by the conflicts of Napoleon. The last century of the world's history has seen men and nations advance swiftly until we of today look upon war as an uncivilized means of nations for conquest. One hundred years ago, in June, when Napoleon Bonaparte, the fighter of France, was overwhelmed, his power destroyed and he was banished to St. Helena, the foundation of the present crisis was laid.

"From that time the world has gone forward but in its progress and the growth of power, lines were drawn that called for a test of arms with the modern armaments and the equipment, tremendous power of the troops, the quickness of transporting millions of fighting men.

"Our president, to whom we as citizens should prove loyal and feel justly proud, has issued two proclamations. One calls for this nation, free from European tangles, to remain neutral, and the other for a united prayer for peace. This stand will mean a new definition of American citizenship. It will mean that an American will be without allegiance to foreign military service or rule. We are on the verge of a new ideal in citizenship. The call for a nation-wide appeal to God, the peace king, is a noble example of the American people in appealing for a Christian settlement of the war.

"Why are they at war? Has the world learned no better by advanced civilization? Has not experience warned us of the terrible wages of war? Is it not a better thing to live in peace? What right have I or anyone to say that Great Britain shall not carry out her policy of building a commanding navy to establish herself as mistress of the seas? What right have I to say that Germany should not satisfy her ambition for trade and colonial expansion?

"These two forces were not controlled and each nation strove to the very limit to pass the other in the race for commercial power. The result is that the two leading nations are now deadlocked in the most terrible struggle of history over ambitions.

"True, there are superficial causes, but these drew Russia, at one time a bitter enemy of England, Japan and France into the war. The eastern question involving the life of Russia, Austria, Greece and the Balkan states is at stake. The 'balance of power' of the old world is another direct cause. Belgium was a neutral state. When the Kaiser declared war and invaded Belgium, a neutral state, it represented the swinging over of the balance of power to the victor. Belgium as a German state would add strength to that empire and it was certain Great Britain would never stand by and allow her trade rival to gain the state of Belgium by conquest.

"Thus we have the powers of Europe struggling in a death conflict that will unmake and make history. When the war is over, and men come back to facts and fair play I am confident that we may thank God in the future for a larger European peace."

Nineteen Special Trains Scheduled For Walworth County Fair—Two Specials From Here.

For years the special train service provided for the Walworth county fair at Elkhorn has been the best maintained by any county fair in the northwest. Thousands of people at a fair are enabled every year to visit the fair who would otherwise have to forego the pleasure for lack of transportation facilities. Trains are run from various points within a radius of fifty or sixty miles and excursion lists are usually landed upon the grounds not later than 9:30. As trains do not commence leaving until about 5:30 in the afternoon, visitors have a long day in which to view the exhibits, see the races and the various other attractions.

The train service for the fair this year, September 22-25, includes nineteen specials. On Wednesday there will be four, on Thursday, nine, and on Friday six. Racine, Madison, Beloit and Waubesa will each send a special all three days. Libertyville and Janesville will each have a special Thursday and Friday, and Savannah and Freeport, Walworth and Rockford will each have one on Thursday, the fair's big day. All trains will run direct to the grounds and in returning will leave from the grounds. Division Superintendent C. E. Morrison of the C. M. & St. P. road will be at the fair all the week and will have personal direction of the incoming trains in the morning, as well as in dispatching them at night.

False Alarm: Saturday night a few moments before twelve o'clock someone with malicious intent phoned a fire alarm to Chief E. C. Klein reporting a fire at the corner of Armstrong and Eastern avenue, an extreme point in the city limits. The fire department responded to the call and after a hard run discovered no cause for the alarm.

humble supplicants by relative rulers placed on the throne by the French Military emperor, Germany has risen from these ashes to the commanding power of the continent. By a magnificent exhibition of national sacrifice, Germany has risen to the modern power which position is now endangered in the present war.

The second is the evident supremacy of Great Britain and her empire. England in her early history wisely set out to be mistress of the oceans and she has succeeded. Napoleon would have given her very crown to have ridden off her navy but no. Nelson swept his ships and crushed the hopes of invading the impenetrable islands. Then and now, the British war fleet indicates that it is impossible to invade Great Britain. England's rule on the sea and her mighty commercial trade is guarded by the most formidable fleet in the world.

"When Waterloo was over England set out to expand to extend her control into foreign lands with colonies. The British flag is now over one-fifth of the entire world, showing Great Britain's energetic and persistent policy. Germany on the other hand, secured her freedom and set out to advance her people in education. How well she has succeeded is shown by the greatness of her leaders who have shown the world in many instances, England enlarged her navy, expanded her trade on the sea and planted the British flag in all corners of the globe while Germany started developing into a modern nation.

Prussia, the leading state, went to war with the then powerful Austria and the Prussian troops swept down the Austrian empire, which was thought invincible. This was the beginning of the imperial destiny of Prussia. The Franco-Prussian war was decided at Bismarck and Leuthen when Frederick the Great made the greatest military power of old Europe humbling the French at Paris. The breech-loading rifle asserted the power of modern arms. When this war was at its height, the sympathy of the European people, England included, was with the Prussians for the hatred that was entertained against Napoleon the III. Germany stood for the world and the world watched and hoped for her success.

"This war left Prussia in power. William the first was proclaimed emperor of the world and Germany rose from the ruins of the Napoleonic wars to a sturdy, united power, with the stimulating effects of commerce, art and science—the works of peace.

"The genius of the Teuton people created the modern Germany. The same thing was true in Italy, and it was an age of untiring small and scattering states, welding them together into mighty countries.

"England continued her trade, meanwhile, steadily expanding her colonies while her trade rose in rapid strides until she outstripped other nations combined. England, under Great Britain further in command of the sea. The policy of British statesmanship was to have the navy of Great Britain equal to the fleet and sea-fighting strength of any two nations of the world. England has no army; their two hundred thousand soldiers is but a garrison, being scattered over such a wide territory. Her power was in her navy which was a battle's edge every moment. There was no need of preparation—the fleet is ever ready.

Germany, reaching the height of her industrial growth, started also to expand. It was only natural. The nation was increasing in population, so colonies were looked for. It was nothing but a legitimate activity for an ambitious power to expand. The nation started on a great commercial expansion. A powerful navy was built and merchant vessels soon crowded the seas bearing the German flag. Now is to blame? What right have I or anyone to say that Great Britain shall not carry out her policy of building a commanding navy to establish herself as mistress of the seas? What right have I to say that Germany should not satisfy her ambition for trade and colonial expansion?

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WILL HAVE SPECIAL TRAIN ON FAIR DATES

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Today's Edgerton News

TWELVE FROM EDGERTON TO ENTER WISCONSIN

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE)
Edgerton, Sept. 21.—Miss Marion Doty, Charles and Jay Campbell, Edward Sweeney, Charles McIntosh, Andrew Thorson, Frank Gokney, Ray McCann, Lovell Whittey, Glenn Gardner, Warren Coon and Harry Sharver will attend Wisconsin University this year. Mrs. J. Gullickson and Mrs. E. Gullickson of Stoughton, spent Sunday with Mrs. Ole Amundson.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Steed and son of Janesville visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Sweeney over Sunday.

Miss Gertrude Rousch, who has been spending the past few days in Milwaukee with relatives returned home yesterday.

Lamont Girard and friend Richard Lane of Madison spent Saturday and Sunday with the former's mother, Mrs. F. Girard.

Miss Aaron McIntosh entertained twenty-four young ladies at a one o'clock luncheon Saturday for Miss Wilma Roseman of Highland, Miss. Mary Cronin of Janesville was present. Robert Harrington of Madison spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Curran spent yesterday in Janesville as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Leary.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Babcock and family visited relatives in Beloit yesterday.

Harry Ryan spent yesterday in Janesville.

Mrs. H. P. Saunders and Mrs. H. H. Babcock spent the day in Janesville.

MRS. CHAS. E. HULL PASSES AWAY TUESDAY

Milton Junction, September 19.—Sarah McQuellan was born July 3, 1862 and passed away at her home here Tuesday morning. All of her life was spent in Rock County. She was married June 2, 1892 to Charles E. Hull, after which they lived a year in Edgerton. They spent thirteen years on a farm in the town of Lima and then moved to their present home northwest of Milton Junction.

Besides a host of friends the deceased leaves a husband, one son, Fern, and two sisters, Mrs. Gus Dickson and Mrs. E. B. Johnson. Her loss. Funeral services were held from the home Friday at one o'clock under the direction of Rev. A. L. McClelland, at which time interment was made in the Milton cemetery.

Miss Nettie Coon has been entertaining Mr. Excell and daughter, Mrs. Wallace Coon.

The Fortnightly Club met with Mrs. Lou Burdick yesterday afternoon. Albert Wolf is here from Chicago for a few days.

Mr. Grace Oakley is caring for Mrs. L. H. Kutz and baby east of Milton.

Mrs. F. M. Roberts and son, Willard, have been spending a few days in Milwaukee.

Miss Mildred Wileman is entertaining her cousin, Miss Doris Tiffany of Fort Atkinson.

Mr. R. R. Cleaver and son have returned to their home in Chicago.

Mrs. A. D. Frink went to Albion Wednesday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Walters.

FLOURISHES FLASK ON CAR: GETS LONG JAIL TERM

Thomas Vituccio, of Evansville, was given a ninety-day sentence under the commitment law by Municipal Judge H. L. Maxfield this morning on the state charge of drinking intoxicating liquor after having been warned.

A complaint was made against the Evansville youth by Conductor E. A. Kensing, who appeared in court this morning when Vituccio was arraigned.

A plea of guilty was entered by Vituccio and the maximum sentence was imposed without a fine by Judge Maxfield. No excuse was offered by the prisoner when asked a flask and car in the presence of lady passengers, although warned by Conductor Kensing.

Olaf Johnson of Stoughton, pleaded guilty to being intoxicated Saturday and was given a choice of five dollars and costs or seven days. Johnson, residing in a dry town, attempted to drown his thirst and came to grief.

INSTALL MORE SEATS AT THE HIGH SCHOOL

Twenty-six additional seats have been installed in the high school assembly room for the coming year of the late students who have been enrolling since the opening of school. To date 443 students are on the list and it is expected more will enter later. The new seats were placed Saturday, and owing to the fact that the room was filled with seats heretofore, one of the aisles on the west side of the room had to be filled up. This eliminates one aisle and forces the freshmen students in the first two rows to sit next to each other.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Grand Hotel: H. M. Lavis, F. D. Wilky, J. D. Van Hall and wife, Madison; E. C. Wall and wife, Milwaukee; H. A. Griffin, Sparta; E. J. Wheeler, Monroe.

Myers Hotel: H. S. Bowers and wife, Mrs. Head, Paul Turri, Delevan; H. J. Jahn and wife, E. H. and Julia Ruefwinkle, Jefferson; W. K. Boswell, Appleton; L. Grosong, Monroe; Miss Marie Vaas, Madison; D. M. Treany, Belmont; J. B. Esters, Beloit.

W. C. T. U. ELECTS OFFICERS AT MILTON CONVENTION

Milton, Sept. 19.—The annual convention of the Rock county W. C. T. U. met Tuesday afternoon, September 15th, at two o'clock in the S. D. B. church, Milton, with the president, Mrs. Rose Hoffman, of Beloit in the chair. Devotionals were conducted by Mrs. Martha Boyd, president of Lima Center Union. After the singing of the hymn "Come Thou Almighty King," Mrs. Boyd read the Crusade (149) Psalm and Pastor Randolph offered a fervent prayer. After the appointment of the usual committees, reports of officers and superintendents of department were given, which showed good work done along many lines. The young men's quartet of Milton college rendered two musical selections to the delight of all present and received the chautauque salute. Tuesday evening the gathering was favored with some interesting music on the pipe organ by President Daland in his own inimitable way. The address of welcome was voiced by Miss Blanche Rice of the Harmony Union in a very cordial and pleasing manner and was responded to by Rev. Ellen Copp of Evansville. Mrs. M. L. Marshall of Beloit, a reader of some note, gave the evening's entertainment, song and story to the delight and pleasure of all present. Mrs. A. S. Maxon of Milton Junction told "How We Meet Emergencies" and a collection of over six dollars was taken. Rev. M. A. Drew offered the closing prayer.

Wednesday Morning. After the devotional exercises the reports and recommendations of officers were given. Committee on credentials reported twenty-five voting members present.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Mrs. Rose Hoffman, Beloit.
Corresponding secretary—Mrs. Mary M. Barret, Beloit.
Recording secretary—Mrs. Cora E. Dickinson, Janesville.
Treasurer—Mrs. Horwood, Janesville.

Superintendents of departments: Evangelistic, Rev. Ellen Copp, Evansville; fair work, Mrs. Addie Poolos, Evansville; Flower Mission, Mrs. Daisy Alton, Janesville; Branch, Mrs. H. R. Osborn, Milton; Literature, Mrs. E. E. Pratt, Evansville; Local Temperance Legion, Miss Blanche Rice, Harmony; Lumber Camp Work, Mrs. Fanny Bennett, Milton; Medial Contest Work, Mrs. George Jacobs, Janesville; Medical Temperance, Mrs. A. S. Maxon, Milton Junction; Scientific Temperance Instruction, Mrs. Hattie West, Milton Junction; Sabbath School Work, Mrs. Fanny Mabbett, Edgerton; Press Work, Mrs. Carrie H. Dresser, Clinton; Prison, Jail and Almshouse, Mrs. George Miller, Janesville; Mothers' Meetings, Mrs. Emma Field, Janesville; Social Unity, Mrs. Bussey, Edgerton; Co-operation of Missionary Societies, Mrs. Flora Rice, Harmony; Railroad Employees, Mrs. Van Patton, Evansville.

Red Krueger of Whitewater, a former resident was in town Friday and Lake Geneva the past week.

The Milton Junction Y. M. C. A. team defeated the Milton high one to nothing Friday in a well played game.

The Cottage Inn is now open to transient trade.

MR. AND MRS. P. J. GOODMAN RETURN FROM WEDDING TRIP.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter J. Goodman have returned to this city after a honeymoon from Chicago to northern Illinois cities and Milwaukee and are making their home at the Grubb flats. Commissioner Goodman received many congratulations this morning at the city hall.

LEATHER HAND BAGS

All new styles, all trims. Must be seen to be appreciated.

GEORGE C. OLIN

19 W. Milwaukee Street

Specialist in Examination of Eyes and Fitting of Glasses. Crossed Eyes Straightened by Prismatic and Muscular Exercises. No case so difficult for me to refract. Bring your children to me. No drugs. **JOSEPH H. SCHOLLER** OPTOMETRIST. Office Badger Drug Co.

New Gift Ideas in Jewelry

G. E. FATZINGER, The little store around the corner, next to the P. O.

The Only Union Suits

MUNSING WEAR

\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 up to \$7.50

FORD

BEST THINGS FOR MEN

Really Not Her Fault. Little Jane is impossibly lovable and very ingenious in the matter of excuses for her frequent wrongdoing. Reproached the other evening, for an ill-spent day, she waxed gently defiant. "Yes, I know I've been naughty really, I couldn't help it. I asked God to make me good today, but he didn't choose to do it."

To Be Determined. "What are you going to do when you get home?" "I don't know yet," replied Senator Sorgum. "I've got to wait and see whether my reception by the town folks is in the nature of an ovation or the third degree."

War Atlas—Cut the coupon from today's paper and bring it into the Gazette office with 17c, or by mail 19c.

H. P. RATZLOW & CO. TIFFANY, WIS.

A Timely Sale of Wool Challie Dresses AT WHOLESALE PRICES

This sale of new Autumn dresses comes at just the right time. These cool evenings demand a light weight wool dress.

This assortment of dresses includes the entire assortment of a large manufacturer, and is without doubt the best variety of Challie dresses shown in Wisconsin.

Every dress is a beautiful creation for fall-long tunics, some pleated and plain skirts, others plain tunics with accordion under skirt. Blue stripe, black and white stripe, flowered and novelty patterns in green, blue, plum, etc.

Prices Range From \$7.50 to \$12.50

Besides these you will find an unusual assortment of silk and wool dresses for street, afternoon and evening wear.

SEE OUR WINDOWS

Simpson's
GARMENT STORE



The Janesville Gazette

New Bldg. 200-201 E. Milwaukee St.
Entered at the Postoffice at Janesville, Wis., as Second Class Matter.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS
BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

DAILY EDITION
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

One Year	\$6.00
One Month	.50
Three Months	1.50
Six Months	3.00
One Year	5.00

DELIVERY IN ROCK COUNTY
One Year \$5.00

The Gazette does not knowingly accept false or fraudulent advertising. Every advertiser in its columns is printed with full confidence in the character and reliability of the advertiser and the truth of the representations made. Readers of the Gazette will confer a favor on the part of promptly reporting any advertiser who attempts to make good any representation contained in a Gazette advertisement.

GAZETTE AUGUST CIRCULATION.

Sworn circulation statement of the Daily Gazette circulation of August, 1914.

Days	Copies	Days	Copies
1	7611	15	7573
2	7624	16	7573
3	7624	17	7573
4	7566	18	7573
5	7566	19	7573
6	7566	20	7573
7	7577	21	7573
8	7577	22	7573
9	7577	23	7573
10	7577	24	7573
11	7577	25	7573
12	7577	26	7573
13	7577	27	7573
14	7577	28	7573
15	7577	29	7573
16	7577	30	7573
17	7577	31	7573

Total 197078
197078 divided by 26 total number of issues 7580. Daily average.

This is a correct report of the circulation of the Janesville Daily Gazette for August, 1914, and represents the actual number of papers printed and circulated.

H. H. BLISS, Mgr.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of September, 1914.
(Seal)
MAE A. FISHER,
Notary Public.
My commission expires July 2, 1916.

BOTH SIDES.

While President Wilson is being besieged by petitions to inaugurate a peace movement, the grim determination of the principal combatants, as set forth in the following dispatches, shows the utter hopelessness of the case, at the present time. Sir Gilbert Parker, member of the English parliament, said, the other day:

"The proposal for peace at this stage of this terrible conflict, when nothing is settled except that the German march to Paris has been stayed, borders almost on the ridiculous. I believe I speak the mind of 95 per cent of my fellow countrymen when I say that Great Britain is in this war to its last man and its last penny to break the militarism which is at present and would be a perpetual danger to the world if it were allowed to dominate Europe."

This war is a war for freedom. It is a war for the integrity and existence of small communities. When it is ended, if fortune be with the allies, there will be a readjustment of Europe in the interest of the separate nationalities.

"The people of the United States are peace loving, but they have been through a great war and know well that when Lincoln was harried and attacked by peace lovers, honest though they were, to call a treaty of peace in the midst of that conflict of the continent, Lincoln said he would fight it out to the end and settle the business once and for all, and Lincoln and Grant did it."

"An agreement has been made by Russia, France and England, that neither will make peace until this question of dominant militarism is settled by a peace secured when complete victory is won."

The world may be sure that having entered upon this business England will not rest, whatever the cost, until this issue is decided without any doubt."

Equally emphatic is the following statement made by Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, about the same time.

"Talk of peace was started by the people of the United States," the ambassador said. "Its continuance after the answer sent by the German government, through Ambassador Gerard, depends upon the attitude of the allies."

"As long as they talk of crushing and dismembering Germany there is absolutely no possibility of peace," he quoted. "From the English and other Englishmen I have no idea that Germany could be crushed or dismembered."

"No lasting peace would be possible if a square inch of German territory was given up. That applies to the colonies of Germany as well as the German empire itself. It is perfectly clear that if any territory was taken Germany would never consent."

Count von Bernstorff was asked if it was possible that peace in Europe might lead to general disarmament.

"That," he replied, "would depend on the sentiment with which peace was entered into by the allies."

Count von Bernstorff said that undoubtedly the German emperor had been informed of the talk between Ambassador Gerard and the Imperial German chancellor and that the answer given had been first submitted to the emperor. He added that it should be emphatically understood that from a military standpoint Germany was not seeking peace at this time any more than before."

These two dispatches express the sentiment of the two leading nations involved, and they suggest that no rift in the war cloud is yet visible. The pathetic side of the story is contained in the following dispatch, of late date.

Over 800 wounded Germans arrived in Bordeaux tonight. They were conveyed in motor ambulances to the Vauxhall barracks.

The men were pitiful samples of the German military system. They were haggard and exhausted and their eyes were expressionless but for dumb terror. They looked more like hunted animals than human beings.

One German prisoner said with tears in his eyes:

"War is a terrible thing. We did not want it, not one of us. Do you think I came here with a good heart?"

I left my wife and children and was obliged to march wherever I was ordered. "I speak the truth when I say this was not popular with the bulk of my compatriots."

Several other wounded here raised their voices and said: "No, no, not popular; he tells the truth."

A FORTUNATE PEOPLE.

It is fortunate for the American people that Woodrow Wilson occupies the chair of chief executive, instead of the impulsive Theodore Roosevelt. With the latter in command, our army would have been scattered over Mexico under the direction of the hero of San Juan hill, and the chances are more than even that neutrality would be badly strained in our attitude towards the nations of the old world.

The United States, whether wisely or not, has come to be a man nation, so far as national leadership is concerned. We depend upon the president today, as never before, and his word is the court of last resort on many questions.

Mr. Roosevelt was a czar, during his last administration, and he knew it and gloried in it. Wilson is no less a czar, but of a different type. His word is law at the capitol, where he holds congress in continuous session, and where public servants do his bidding, how ever reluctantly.

This one man power contains an element of danger to the nation as well as to the world, in the case of much responsibility. In the case of Roosevelt it amounted to his undoing; how Wilson will stand the strain remains to be seen. He is fortunate in disposition and his policy of patient waiting proved to be the right policy in dealing with the Mexican situation, and has thus far made good in dealing with neutrality.

Because of this one man power, President Wilson is placed in the most trying position of any man who has presided over the chair since the days of civil strife. Like Grover Cleveland, he is so much greater than his party that he overshadows it.

Added to the heavy load of responsibility which he is carrying is the heavier load of sorrow which recently came to him through the death of his wife. The people are united in sympathy and in disposition to hold up his name during these days of unusual burdens.

It is an old saying that "chickens usually come home to roost" and the statement is as true as it is ancient. Senator La Follette, in the last issue of his paper, has the nerve to claim that Philipp goes before the people as a candidate for governor, endorsed by a minority vote in the primary election.

The senator knows, better than anyone else, that the intent of the primary law is minority rule, and no other result is possible where three or more candidates are in the field. While Philipp is a bitter pill for him to swallow, he should find comfort in the thought that he is taking a dose of his own medicine.

The primary law has nothing to recommend it, and the sooner it is repealed, the better it will be for the people of the state. It is one of the principal cogs in the ball-bearing political machine, which has cursed the state for the past ten years, and has done more to promote personal politics than any device yet discovered.

It is an expensive piece of machinery, as it makes necessary a double election, which is as useless as it is election, which demands the sacrifice of manhood to personal ambition, as every candidate who aspires to office is compelled to get down on his knees and pray for support.

Many self-respecting men refuse to do this, and as a result our public servants are largely composed of chronic office-seekers, and the service suffers in consequence. If there is anything to recommend the law, it has not yet appeared on the surface. The state is a conservative candidate for governor, not because of the primary law, but in spite of it. The Madison convention made it possible for Mr. Philipp to be a candidate.

In spite of the war our merchandise exports from New York only fell off one and a half million dollars last week, as compared with the third week in September last year. The week in recovering from the first shock, and adjusting itself rapidly to conditions. The New York Stock Exchange is still closed, and may not open for some time to come as the market is not yet prepared to take care of the flood of securities from abroad, that would likely be offered.

The Madison Journal, very much disappointed every rest of the primary election, advises republicans to vote the state ticket. The Journal, unfortunately, has but little political influence, and the more it harps about minority rule, as the result of the primary law, the more voters will make for the republican ticket. Madison needs a good republican newspaper.

With Rockford factories running on short time, and with many idle men here, Janesville is fortunate just now in not being a large manufacturing center. What we lack in the industries is made up in merchandising, for no better trade center can be found in the west. The business men of Janesville are entitled to much credit for the reputation won by the city.

AMONG THE NEWSPAPERS

Did you ever wake up in the morning with a grogginess and a feeling that you would like to bite the first person you met off who came in your way? If you have, didn't things go crosswise with you the whole day?

Haven't you awakened in the morning feeling cheerful and with only good thoughts in your mind? If you have, hasn't, as a usual thing, the day passed off cheerfully for you?

Don't you think that how things go for you in every day life depends largely upon the frame of mind you are in?

Maybe the real reason why nearly all of Europe is now at war is because of the same frame of mind that several of the nations there were in before the war broke out. Europe had been preparing for war so long that it was really expected and war came. Had they been preparing for peace, wouldn't it be reasonable to presume there would now be peace?

Galesburg Mail.

True At Madison.

Lincoln used to tell a story of a ten foot boat with a twenty foot whistle, whose captain had to stop the boat every time he wanted to whistle.

There are a good many people like Lincoln's boat who make a big noise, and carry little weight. The country is full today of petty reformers.

There have been the world reformers, but every community can furnish men who imagine that they can bring about social and financial revolution by the mere amount of noise they make.—Green Bay Free Press.

Beat the War Tariff.

Not the least of the blessings that may follow the high cost of food supplies may be the bringing back of the market basket.

Time was, not so very long ago, when the average housewife was thrifty. Then she sailed forth each day with a big basket on her arm and bought the day's supplies at the market. She made the dollar go a great deal farther than it does now.—Freeport Journal-Star.

The Fate Clear.

If the way pointed by the republican platform convention is sensibly and sincerely pursued by the leaders and candidates of the party, the republican ticket will be victorious this fall, and more than that, a big step will be taken toward the re-establishment of party solidarity.—Milwaukee Free Press.

Love Missiles.

British gunners are said to be chalking the shells aimed at Germans with the inscription, "With love to the Kaiser." There is nothing like keeping up the amenities even in the heat of war.—Oshkosh Northwestern.

Yes, Thank Heaven.

Give the war credit for having flung the boot up the Pankhursts.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

NORWAY SUFFERING

FROM PRESENT WAR

Mrs. Theresa Olsen, Former Resident Here, Writes of Conditions Consequent on Strife.

Mrs. Theresa Olsen, formerly Miss Theresa Bahr of this city, but who now makes her home in Fredrikshald, Norway, in a letter to her parents, who reside at 223 Pearl street has the following to say, about the European war:

"I cannot tell how terrible everything is and how everything has changed in less than two months. If this war lasts much longer it will mean the ruin of the whole of Europe, no exception. Food is so high in Norway that to buy and some things we cannot get for love or money; for instance oatmeal cannot be had in Norway. We are waiting for America to send us some. Sugar is almost finished; we get most of the sugar from Germany. We have to use syrup for cooking; hardly any flour in the land; we have no storage warehouses as most wheat comes from Russia. Besides, the war came upon us so unexpectedly that we had no time to prepare. Kaiser William was here on a pleasure trip with many warships; he left very suddenly at night. No one knew he was going."

"Now we are apt to have cholera; it is liable to be brought in by the sailors. All the German soldiers that have been sent to pass through here on train. They were all fine looking young fellows. When the train stopped they all sang 'Die Wacht am Rhein' (The Watch on the Rhine). They were all very cheerful and seemed lively enough, but underneath you could tell their hearts were heavy. Besides, the war came from here had to go with them, but in fourteen days after we received a telegram to send all their clothes home. They were dead. Some of them were sent to Norwegians and have children. They were compelled to leave never to return."

"I hope God will help America to see how foolish it is to get mixed up in war. Worst of all, what is it all about and why? Could not Austria and Serbia fight it out alone? No, Germany was compelled to help and then all the others jumped onto one."

WOMAN ATTEMPTS TO BEAT BOARD BILL FOR HORSE

A merry battle was waged at noon Saturday between Mrs. Thomas Christman and Ray Jacobs, an employee of the West Side High school. North Jackson street woman, Jacobs, who was tempted and succeeded in stopping Mrs. Christman from taking the horse and buggy without paying for the animal's board bill.

It is stated that Mrs. Christman attempted to sneak the horse and buggy out of the hitching stable without giving the necessary compensation. Jacobs stopped her on Jackson street, and she was arrested for obstructing the highway.

For reply Mrs. Christman whipped up the horse and started to take a French leave. Jacobs grabbed the reins of the horse and hung on. He was dragged from one horse to the street to the other but held his grasp on the horse. Mrs. Christman gave in when Jacobs started unhitching the horse and the animal was taken back to the barn. The horse and buggy were placed in the barn last evening by the police as Thomas Christman had court difficulties.

ATTORNEY GENERAL OWENS GIVES VIEW ON LABOR LAW

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.] Madison, Wis., Sept. 21.—Masons and others engaged in the public building now in course of erection at Rhinelander cannot work more than eight hours per day, in the opinion of Attorney General Owen. The men employed there want to work ten hours, thereby increasing each man's weekly pay by several dollars. They said that they were away from their families and outside interests and did not mind the extra time if they could get more money. The opinion of the attorney general, however, upset their plans. This is what he told them:

"In my opinion the contractor would be permitted to permit the men to work more than eight hours a day, which liability cannot be evaded by any private contract of arrangement between him and the men employed. The law is a declaration of state policy and was not intended merely for the benefit of the men working on that particular job. In my judgement it was passed in recognition of the contention made by the laboring portion of the laboring men of the state for an eight hour day. Not only

Gas Light Supplies

Inverted Gas Light Complete.....75c (Heavy Brass Burner, open globe and 15c mantle.)

Above light complete with pilot by-pass.....98c

Extra mantles, upright and inverted, at 10c, 15c

6 different styles gas chimneys and globe each.....10c

Gas tapers, best grade, pkg.....10c

Handles for above tapers.....10c

Full line of Oil Lamps.

NICHOLS STORE

The store that saves you money.

WEDDING RINGS

THE QUALITY YOU CAN RELY ON—14K, 18K, 22K.

WILL P. SAYLES

Successor to Hall & Sayles.

No. 10 South Main St.

DID YOU KNOW YOU COULD

LEAVE YOUR FILMS TODAY

AND GET THEM TOMORROW

1—Best work.

2—Quickest service.

3—Price reasonable.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

RED CROSS PHARMACY

The Drug Store That's Different.

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Something found in the water.

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DID YOU KNOW YOU COULD

Does Hot or Cold Water Make Your Teeth Ache?

DR. F. T. RICHARDS
(Over Rehberg's.)

If it does—you ought to come to my office now. If you delay you will pay for yourself a great deal of pain—perhaps serious trouble. Come now and let me examine your teeth FREE OF CHARGE. If they need attention, I will fix your teeth at the lowest cost, and you will be surprised at how free from pain the work will be.

Less Than a Cent a Day

Can you afford to take chances on the safety of your valuable papers when you can have absolute safety for them in our new safe deposit vault for only \$2.00 a year?

We have larger boxes also at \$3.00 a year and upwards.

3% ON SAVINGS

The First National Bank

Established 1855.

F. R. LITTLEMAN, M.D.

Practice limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Suit 322 and 323 Hayes Block.
Both Phones.



NEW STYLE VICTROLAS

Our new style Victrolas for the fall and winter season are now ready for your inspection. \$15 to \$200.

September records now ready.

CARL W. DIEHLS

THE ART STORE
26 W. Milw. St.

Phagocytes No. 76.

Promises

Don't help one bit in making a suit of clothes fit.

For the Boy

who has not yet gotten into long trousers, I am now in a position to take orders for knee pant suits. Made in any style and 500 samples to select from. Prices a little more than the "Ready to Wear" kind, but very cheap considering quality and workmanship.

ALLEN

ALL WOOL SHOP
56 South Main Street

Suits and Overcoats

\$15.00 to \$35.00.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR RENT—Steam heated flat, also small house. Steve Grubb.
45-9-21-8t.

FOR SALE—Household goods, 447 Madison St.
16-9-21-8t.

GRAPES FOR SALE—One dollar per bushel (40 lbs.). Call 5552-2.
13-9-21-8t.

WANTED—Cabinet maker. Apply to the J. P. Cullen Co. Planning mill, 506 North Main St.
5-9-21-8t.

ONIONS, CABBAGE, Carrots, Parsnips, Pickling Onions, delivered in any quantity. H. Gardner, Bell phone 5022.
13-9-21-8t.

WANTED—Furnished room by refined young lady. Address "K" care Gazette.
7-9-21-8t.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Folding bed, household sewing machine, linoleum, buffet, gas stove, gas iron, mahogany and willow rockers, iron bed, springs and mattress, porcelains, top chest, laundry stove, 112 S. High.
16-9-21-8t.

FOR RENT—Lower part of house in good condition. Electric light, water and garden. \$8.00 per month. Inquire at 333 Palm street.
11-9-21-8t.

FOR RENT—Modern flat, 431 Madison street.
45-9-21-8t.

FOR RENT—Pleasant room, modern conveniences, near depot, 323 No. Jackson street; Blu 6724.
8-9-21-8t.

LOCAL BRIEF ITEMS.

Prof. Geo. L. Hatch dancing class and hop Monday evening, September 21.

Circles No. 1 will meet at the home of Mrs. William Taylor Wednesday afternoon at 2:30. A full attendance is desired for election of officers.

Lakota Meeting: A special and important meeting of the Lakota Club is called for tonight at the old rooms in the Jackson block. All members are urged to be present.

MAY CONSIDER POLE QUESTION TOMORROW

CITY COUNCIL EXPECTED TO TAKE FURTHER STEPS IN ELIMINATING THE STREET POLES.

KLEIN SUBMITS REPORT

Fire Chief Presents List of Places Where "Joint" Poles Could Be Used by Companies.

Following the presenting of the report of H. C. Klein, chief engineer of the fire department, to City Clerk Hammarlund today, it is expected that the city will take further steps in eliminating the pole nuisance at the meeting scheduled Tuesday afternoon. It is not certain if Mayor Fatherson will be sufficiently recovered from his illness to attend the meeting, in which case an adjournment will probably be taken as no pressing business to come before the commission at the present time.

Since the hearing held before the council some time ago when the question of consolidating the number of telephone poles in this city and establishing a "poleless zone" on Main and Milwaukee streets, practically nothing has been done to effect an ordinance eliminating the pole nuisance. The city officials have been waiting for the companies owning the poles to join and reach an agreement of complying to the city's plan.

Following the rival telephone companies have made no marked advance along these lines, and while attorneys and engineers appeared before the city commission expressing their willingness to carry out the ordinance, the city is as far as the matter has progressed. Without the companies reach further agreements, it is expected the city will take further initiative steps to carry out the ordinance by lessening the number of poles in the resident district and having the Wisconsin company take all poles of Milwaukee and Main street.

The report of Fire Chief Klein was as follows:

To the Mayor and Councilmen of the City of Janesville, Wisconsin: Gentlemen:—Pursuant to an understanding arrived at recently at a meeting of some representatives of the public utility corporations, using poles for the distribution of their services, that the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department acting as a representative for the city should point out places where "joint" poles could be used. Therefore in keeping with the same I submit the following:

Remove 2 of the 3 poles on the southeast corner of North Jackson and West Blue streets.

Remove 2 of the 3 poles on the southwest corner of North Franklin and Wall streets.

Remove 1 of the 2 poles on the southeast corner of North Franklin and Ravine streets.

Remove 3 of the 7 poles on the corners of Mineral Point avenue and No. Washington street.

Remove 1 of the 2 poles on the southwest corner of Ravine and North Pearl streets.

Remove 2 of the 3 poles on the southwest corner of North High and Race streets.

Remove 1 of the 2 poles on the southwest corner of North Jackson and Race streets.

Remove 1 of the 2 poles on the southeast corner of Academy and Wall streets.

Remove 2 of the 3 poles on the southeast corner of Wall and Washington streets.

Remove 1 of the 3 poles on the northeast corner of North Jackson and Milwaukee streets.

I desire to say that this list presented is only a few places "picked out" at random, and if we are successful in eliminating these useless or unnecessary poles in several places named I will be pleased to give your Honorable Body an extended list.

In addition to the above I find the following "dead" or unused poles, which also could be removed:

In front of 478 North Chatham street.

In front of 465 North Chatham street.

In front of 313 North Academy street.

In front of 449 North Chatham street.

In front of 427 North Chatham street.

In front of 215 West Blue street.

Respectfully submitted,
H. C. KLEIN,
Chief Engineer.

DIRECTORS' MEETING HELD AT NOON TODAY

Commercial Club Discusses Corn Contest—Hope to Interest Farmer Boys in Good Roads.

Directors of the Commercial club at their weekly meeting at noon today discussed the corn contest which the club is conducting this season, and heard reports of Secretary W. J. McDowell and L. A. Markham, who made inspection trips last week for the purpose of naming supervisors for the harvesting of the crop.

The question of interesting the farmer boys in road work was discussed and later on a plan will be evolved by which a series of prizes may be offered by the Commercial club to stimulate interest.

The county director of the Y. M. C. A. will dine with the club next Monday.

Secretary McDowell has received letters from Congressman H. A. Follette concerning the proposed tax on freight shipment which has been discussed at Washington. If it comes up again they will both vote against it.

PERSONAL MENTION

J. Stewart Mills left today for Madison to attend the state university.

L. A. Markham, county Y. M. C. A. secretary, was in Chicago over Sunday the guest of friends.

George Rankin and John Groat left for Madison this morning, where they enter Wisconsin University on Thursday.

Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Devereaux have gone to Milwaukee for a week's visit.

Mrs. Bert Holleran has returned after spending a week with relatives and friends in Chicago.

Daily Thought

"Patience and have faith and thy prayer will be answered."—Longfellow.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for their kind and generous path extended to us in our recent bereavement.

MRS. PERRY WISCH,

MR. AND MRS. CHAS. WISCH.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Brown and son, Harry of Rockford, were Sunday guests of Mrs. H. W. Brown, Oakland avenue.

William H. Spohn of Madison, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Spohn, over Sunday.

Miss Hazel Wilkerson, Locust street, returned Saturday evening from Milwaukee, where she had been attending the fair and visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Elizabeth Knopp and William Popple spent Sunday in Chicago with friends.

Clyde Ogden and friend of Edgerton, were in Janesville Sunday.

Hugh Flaherty of Chicago, is visiting relatives in the city.

Miss Bessie Harder has just returned from Chicago, where she has spent the past week visiting friends.

Miss Belle Howard and Harry Maypole of Lakota, Ill., motored to Janesville to spend Sunday.

Rev. Edward Lynch of Ingleside, Ill., spent the day in Janesville.

Miss Nellie Gillespie of South Jackson street has returned to her school at Leyden after spending the week end with her parents.

Gam Howard and C. V. Joyce spent Sunday up the river.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Tallman, Mr. and Mrs. George King, Dr. and Mrs. Farnsworth left today for Racine.

Mr. and Mrs. King will visit Chicago before returning to Janesville.

Mrs. Dan Kelly of Fourth avenue, is spending the day in Belvidere with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Anderson of Court street, left last night for Detroit, Mich., where they expect to spend the next six weeks.

Mrs. Mary Taylor is spending the day in Chicago with friends.

Miss John Aldridge of Carl street, has returned from a week's visit in Milwaukee with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schnell are spending the day with friends in Belvidere.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Buss of Fifth avenue, have been entertaining their sister, Mrs. Burrard of Hammond, Ind., for the past week, who returned home on Saturday.

Mrs. Edward Eddington went to Belvidere today, where she will be the guest of her daughter.

Miss Emma Winans gave a luncheon at her home on Saturday on South Blue street. Covers were laid for six guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mohr of the Dower Flats on South Main street, will leave soon for Chicago, where they will make their home in the future.

Mrs. Hugh Durson and daughter of Milwaukee avenue, have returned from a month's visit in St. Paul with friends.

Charles Stevens of Brooklyn, N. Y., spent Saturday in this city.

Mrs. George Barker and Mrs. Anna Hanchett, were guests on Saturday at the home of Mrs. Burrard.

Mr. and Mrs. John Francis are entertaining their sister from California.

Dr. and Mrs. Michaels have returned from a visit in St. Paul with friends.

J. W. McLachlin, W. Miller, F. L. Shepard and C. E. Sanders of Rockford, spent the day at the Country club.

The Cooking club gave a one o'clock luncheon today at the country club. After luncheon auction bridge was played.

Charles Wright of Chicago, transacted business in Janesville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hatch have returned from a few days' visit at Delavan.

Walter Alris is spending a few days in Chicago.

Charles Jones came home from Rockford to spend Sunday with her people.

Mrs. Henry Mulberger of Watertown, Wis., has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Shurtliff, for the past week.

The Rev. E. O. Hoffmeister of the English Lutheran church preached in Center, Wis., on Sunday afternoon, and the choir of the same church rendered the music.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Royce and son, who have been guests in this city of relatives, have returned to their home in Milwaukee.

Miss Lovejoy is visiting friends in Chicago this week.

John Engloe spent Saturday and Sunday in Milwaukee and Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Drager of Beloit, were in Janesville on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dick of Chicago, were visitors in Janesville on Sunday.

Charles Little of Monroe, spent Saturday in this city.

Mrs. Wallace Morelle Carrier of Chicago, announces the marriage of her daughter, Zoe E. DeLong, to Ira Albert Bilharz, on Saturday, the fifth of September. Mrs. Bilharz lived in Janesville all her early life and her many friends in this city extend congratulations. Mr. and Mrs. Bilharz will be at home after Oct. 1st at 313 W. 73rd street, Chicago, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Crowley of Beloit, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Erdman over Sunday. They came to celebrate the birthday of Mrs. Erdman.

Herman Wisch and daughter, Chicago, were here to attend the funeral of the late Perry Wisch.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bruno of Chicago, were visitors in this city on Sunday.

John Nichols returned last evening from Milwaukee, where he has been spending a couple of days.

Mrs. Isobel Lee of Evansville, was a visitor in this city the last of the week.

Mrs. B. L. Croft is spending the week in Edgerton, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Clarke.

Percy Wilson of this city, spent Sunday with friends in Rockford.

Mrs. G. E. Lynte and Miss Myra Lloyd of Edgerton, spent one day recently in this city.

Mrs. Atwood, mother of Walter Atwood of this city, is at Mercy hospital, where she underwent an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Berryman and Mr. and Mrs. George Bennett of Broadhead, spent Sunday in this city, the guests of friends.

Mrs. George Butts is spending several days in Evansville, where she is the guest of friends.

Miss Beniah Fuller of Edgerton, was visiting friends in this city last week.

Word has been received in the city of the death of Miss Harriet L. Calkins, who passed away in Pittsburgh, Pa., and her remains were brought to Chicago for interment. Miss Calkins was the daughter of Col. and Mrs. E. A. Calkins and spent her early life in Janesville, where she had many friends.

Mrs. H. A. Langemak of Evansville, was a Janesville visitor the last of the week.

Mrs. Edith Townsend is spending some time in Canineville at the home of her son.

Mr. and Mrs. James Fifield spent the week end at Lauderdale Lake.

Miss Emma Haycock of Edgerton, was visiting in this city on Saturday.

Mrs. Harry Gassey and daughter Charlotte have returned from Chicago after spending the past two weeks with relatives and friends.

Alonzo Pond left this morning for Beloit, where he goes to take up his college work at Beloit college.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Newhouse Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Davis have returned home from an auto trip through Forest and Onondaga counties, visiting Plover Lake and returning by Pelican Lake.

SWISS HOARD FOOD AS WAR PRECAUTION

MISS JULIA LOVEJOY TELLS OF EUROPEAN WAR'S EFFECT ON LITTLE MOUNTAIN COUNTRY.

SUFFER NO HARDSHIPS

Lovejoy Party Fortunate in Securing Passage Through France During Lull in Hostilities.

Safe and snug in a pretty little Swiss chalet in a picturesque village near the French coast, where the great powers of Europe were in the midst of preparation for the world's war, Miss Julia, of this city and Miss Margaret Goodwin, were enjoying a quiet holiday, waiting for the Swiss border army and in the meantime prepared for their own exodus to American shores.

They were lucky. They suffered no hardships. They passed through France after the first stages of the war panic had passed, in a lull when railroad facilities were good and at a time when the government was just settling up and quieting the nation and in which they made the journey to New York.

They witnessed the peculiar gathering together of the little Swiss army and in France saw the moment when the United States assumed upon the declaration of war.

The Lovejoy party left the United States in February and were abroad for some time. After touring Egypt they arrived in Italy in March, in April, and travelled through this sunny clime until July 1. They were a month in Switzerland, having taken a motor car, Grindelwald, thirty-eight miles to the cross flies from Bern, the capital.

After Germany's ultimatum to Russia demanding explanation of the Russian ultimatum to Germany, Miss Lovejoy described her experiences as follows:

"On Aug. 3 Switzerland as a unit became apprehensive. There were many who remembered the Franco-Prussian strife of 1870 when Switzerland became the haven of refugees of both belligerent nations. Wounded and deserters flocked to this country at that time and caused much privation and hardship to the Swiss."

"Switzerland on Oct. 3 began the mobilization of her army. There is no regular standing force in the little country and as a result men of military age came from the fields, the stores and factories and all lines of industries. Panic ensued. The government confiscated the horses from the farms and cottages and the motor wagons and automobiles, all for military use. Fortifications sprang up like magic on the little nation's frontier. The forts were garrisoned and the army mobilized and the railroad lines, guarded the bridges and kept sharp lookouts at the strategic points."

"Small change, gold and silver completely disappeared. The peasants were hoarding it up, consequent on the dire results and experiences of 1870. I had a 100 franc bill but could not get it changed and was unable to secure any small money. Fear came to the door with wild strawberries were unable to dispose of the fruit because of the scarcity of change. The government later issued bank notes, but it was not until this relieved somewhat the money panic."

"The peasants began purchasing large supplies of flour, sugar, all food staples, and necessities of life. Many other necessary commodities for home use. As a result several large stores were compelled to close for several days but later arrangements were made with France and Italy to supply the necessities. It was found necessary by the government to permit purchases only in small quantities."

"The men left for the frontier just in time to keep the big crop of hay. At the order of mobilization they left their homes and fields and went to their country's aid. The hay harvest was retarded in the fields and women and old men and children brought in a share of the harvest, but much was wasted because it could not be properly cared for. All the horses were taken for military use and the Grindelwald and the surrounding country, with the exception of one old animal in the village. He had the heaves and was a broken-down old plug and was used for army purposes."

"The industry was crippled. The brains and workers and skilled laborers of the factories were called away. This threw thousands of girls and women from employment. The factories and bakeries went to the wall and everybody was at the front. Chocolate, embroidery and textile factories and many others had to close. The Swiss buy all their bread. The bakers went to the mills and we got no good bread for the Swiss women knew not how to make it. Only the coarse product of the peasant's ovens was for us then."

"The mobilization and upkeep of the army was a terrible drain on the resources of the Swiss national treasury. Then, too, a great national fair was being held at Bern and although it had been a great success during the months of opening, the whole of the exposition is now a failure and a source of almost total loss to the government."

"The American consul advised us to remain in Switzerland until at least August 21. We sailed from Marseilles on the S. S. Patria of the Fabro line, Sept. 3 and arrived in New York, Thursday, Sept. 17."

"On the way out of France we saw many French military camps. The soldiers looked like anything but a fighting force. Their conspicuous flaring and flaming red trousers with the heavy blue gaiters and the heavy boots no doubt make the wearers likely targets for enemies' bullets. Their guns and knapsacks and all equipment seemed to me, antique."

"Their government kept them in complete ignorance of anything but French and allies' victories. While our train was passing through these camps and at stations where the soldiers were on guard they continually glorified in Swiss newspapers to learn of operations of armies not mentioned in the depleted sheets they had received. Swiss newspapers covered the events in an excellent manner and betrays the French in many cases where they would receive the better news in these papers."

"In the harbor of Marseilles were two huge transports just in from the French provincial territory of Algeria in north Africa. Here were the fierce Bedouins and French soldiers back to the mother country to help in the strife. They are veteran warriors and have had considerable experience in fighting."

"I should think," said Miss Lovejoy, "that the native Algerians would hate the French and refuse to fight for them. It is odd a soldier of the traveler said: 'The consensus of opinion among critical American tourists with whom I have talked is, that the reports are greatly exaggerated. The French in many cases were compelled to take stringent means to prevent hostilities by the people of Belgium and France against German troops. Similar cases and similar stories would have arisen had France invaded Germany. The people were loyal to their countries and any act which would serve as a setback to the invader was considered a threat to German vengeance and a sickening result to the community at large."

"I did, however, get some first-hand information of German acts which are horrifying. I took with me a party of returning Americans who had been touring Germany with an automobile. They had a French maid and a chauffeur of similar nationality. They were stopped in Germany and despite their protests their maid was lodged in jail and their chauffeur shot, both being charged as spies."

"Another case came to my attention. A large German firm some time ago had written to France for three young men with special technical training along a certain line. The young men went to the country to work in the factory and upon the declaration of war were arrested and shot as spies. As to their guilt there is little known."

As Miss Lovejoy is an ardent supporter of equal suffrage and a prominent worker along this line in Rock county, the reporter asked if she had made any study of relative conditions in Europe while on her own words. "I was on my vacation," At Rome, however, she attended the suffrage gathering held in connection with the meeting of the International Congress of Women, but did not think much of that particular session."

Travel across the Atlantic was under normal conditions with the exception of no wireless messages could be sent from the steamship. Daily reports of happenings were received and communication was always possible with convoy cruisers."

Miss Lovejoy was to get it in American waters and bring back to France reservists of the allies who were in the United States."

Mrs. A. F. Lovejoy, who was with the party, will be in the east about ten days before returning to Janesville.

AUTO OF J. E. LANE IN ACCIDENT SUNDAY

Two Machine Collide on Highway Between Rockford and Beloit—Lane's Car Escapes Damage.

Swerving on the roadway, an automobile owned by Mr. Lane of Rockford, crashed into the touring car of J. E. Lane of this city, who was driving toward Beloit last evening on the roadway between Rockford and Beloit. The lighter car of the Rockford man, coming in the opposite direction, hit the rear part of the Lane machine and was badly damaged.

One of the passengers of the Lang car sustained a bad cut on the arm from flying glass of the windshield, which was shattered. The front wheel of the Lang car was torn off and the front frame sprung, disabling the machine. The Janesville man's auto escaped with only minor damage, although the machine was forced from the road into a tree by the roadside, as Mr. Lane was driving slowly. Mrs. Lane and three children, who were riding in the car at the time of the accident, received a bad fright, for the collision was unexpected. Four men were in the other machine.

In the Ranks of Unreasonable. "Wasn't there something about a promise to love, honor, and obey me in that marriage ceremony?" asked Mr. Meekton. "My goodness, Leonidas! You are like some of those politicians who never quit talking about a party platform."—Washington Star.

HEADS YOUTHFUL BURLBANKS WHO'LL SEE PANAMA EXPO

At the head of the 9,000 young Burlbanks of the cornfields of thirty-three states

WOMAN'S PAGE

The Evening Chat

BY RUTH CAMERON

HOW TO WIN CHILDREN.

IF YOU were left alone for an hour with a little child would you know how to entertain him? Or would you be rather more ill at ease in his presence than if you had the czar of Russia to entertain?

I met an acquaintance the other day in the children's room of a library poring over a child's book of fairy tales. He is a bachelor of about thirty-five, with no known matrimonial intentions, so naturally I was surprised.

"I'll tell you how it is," he explained readily. "My cousin is here for the youngsters and the other day she left me alone with a thing to say to the youngsters—nice little kid, too. I let her fool with my watch for a while, but after that palled I hadn't a card to play. She kept asking me to tell her a story and I didn't know one. But you can wager that the next time I'm left alone with a youngster, I'll know a way to tell her and then I can always keep 'em quiet that way. Don't you think it's a good plan to look some up?"

I heartily agreed that I did. And not only for him but for anyone who has so far forgotten the language of childhood as to feel ashamed before a child.

You never know when you may have to spend a half hour with one of these embarrassing creatures, Mr. Bachelor or Mrs. Childless, so why not be prepared? Have a story or two on hand, or a few simple parlor tricks.

For instance, any child can be amused for a half hour with a few coins, a piece of scribbling paper and a pencil. Put the coin under the paper, then run the pencil back and forth over it and the image of the coin appears on the paper, to the child's intense delight.

The funny little cutouts of all sorts which anyone with the slightest facility can make from folded paper are another unending source of delight to a child. One of the simplest is the stage and which can then be bent into form.

If a child asks you to draw something and you are emphatically not an artist, take out a half dollar and draw a cat by using one for the body, the other for the head. Ears, tail and whiskers are dead easy.

A song which he serves to introduce the favor of several children is, "I went to the animal fair, etc." You probably know the familiar ballad. I take the child on my lap and with the refrain, "And what became of the monkey, monkey, etc." I trot him up and down in time, I never fail of an encore, although it usually takes the embarrassing form of, "Say it again."

Perhaps you already have plenty of these methods of entertaining yourself with children. If you have, this is not for you. It is merely meant as a hint for the man or woman who has completely forgotten the language and the ways of childhood.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: We are girls of fourteen and seventeen and are keeping company with boys of seventeen.

(1) If our boy friends come to see us at night how late should they stay?

(2) What can we do on Sunday afternoons?

(3) Are we too young to go to the shows with the boys at night?

(4) If they take us to a dance, how late should we stay?

(5) If they go out of town, is it proper for us to write to them?

(6) How often should they call on us during the week?

(7) Is it right for them to go with other girls?

BLUE EYES AND BROWN EYES.

(1) Nine or nine-thirty.

(2) Read some good books if you like reading. A good walk would do you good. Avoid the public places, for to see young girls in public places on Sunday unless properly chaperoned.

(3) Yes.

(4) Eleven or even earlier. You are both of you too young, really, to go with boys.

(5) Yes, if you write sensibly, I suppose.

(6) Once or twice at the most.

(7) It is perfectly all right for them to go with other girls. They should not have made any promises, for they are not engaged and are therefore not bound to limit their attentions to only one girl. I should advise you to cultivate more friends, and think of them as friends, not beaux.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am a girl of seventeen and should like to have your advice.

My parents separated when I was two years old and I have never seen my father since, but no one knows

the desk is hinged to enable the pupil to stand in his place as the seats can not be raised.

I heard a history recitation. The teacher asked this question: "Whose birthday have we recently celebrated?"

"Our Kaiser's," came in chorus from the children.

"Where was he born?"

"Who were his parents?"

"How old was he when he first wore a lieutenant's uniform?"

"How was his first teacher?"

"How did he win the Black Eagle decoration?"

"Who were his brothers and sisters?"

"When did they marry?"

The class was well up in the history of the Hohenzollern family and the fatherland.

In this school hot milk was served to the very poor by a charitable organization in the city. The schools in the poorer districts were putting in baths, and every pupil in school was to be required to take a bath a week.

Schools begin at seven o'clock in summer and eight in winter and close at twelve and one. The children are never in the school room more than forty-five minutes at a time. They recite forty-five minutes, then go to the playground for fifteen. There are from three to five of these periods daily including Saturdays.

No studying is done at any German school; the children simply recite there and study at home. In the poorer districts no geography or histories are used. The recitation periods there are oral study hours. The singing in all cases is superb and the physical exercises are very fine. The boys are taught by men and the girls by women in separate schools.

Double desks are used. They are screwed to two-by-fours, so that a whole row of seats can be moved about the floor at will. The front half

and mixed with flour. Keep in a dry, cool place.

A letter sealed with the white of an

egg can never be steamed open. Instead of hammering a silence cloth buttonhole it. A hem makes a ridge. When mixing pie crust, if the lard, flour and salt are mixed before adding the water the crust will be rich and flaky.

THE TABLE.

Fish Chowder.—Take a pound of salt pork cut into strips and soak in hot water five minutes. Cover bottom of the pot with a layer of this. Cut four pounds of fish into pieces two inches square and cover the pork. Follow with a layer of chopped onions, a little parsley, summer savory, and season with pepper. Add a layer of split crackers, which have been soaked in warm water until moist, but not ready to break. Above this lay a stratum of pork and repeat the order given above until materials are exhausted. Let the topmost layer be buttered crackers, well soaked. Pour in enough cold water to cover. Stew gently for an hour. Add water as required from the boiling tea kettle. When the chowder is thoroughly done, take out with a perforated skimmer and put into a tureen. Thicken the gravy with a tablespoon flour and the same quantity of butter. Boil up and pour over the chowder. Send sliced lemon, pickles or stewed tomatoes to the table with the chowder.

Free one pound of cold cooked fish from skin and bones and break into flakes. Wash and boil in plenty of boiling salted water one cup rice and drain. Melt in a sauce pan four tablespoons butter, put in the rice, fish and mix well, then add one well-beaten egg, salt, pepper and paprika to taste, stir over the fire for a few minutes, pile high on a hot dish garnish with parsley and three hard-cooked eggs cut in rings. Serve hot.

Baked Halibut.—Lay a piece of halibut weighing four pounds in cold water, salt and pepper, the water and lay in a covered roaster. Pour over it one cup boiling water, in which have been melted two tablespoons butter. Bake until tender and keep hot on a platter, while you finish the gravy left in the pan with browned flour and butter, and season with one teaspoon each of lemon and onion juice. Strain and send to the table in a gravy boat.

Grilled Mutton.—The second day of a roast, cut rather thick slices from it, the best pieces, and brush them over with olive oil, which is seasoned with salt and pepper. Grill on a hot grill quickly for a minute on each side.

Curried Mutton.—Curried mutton prepared from cold cooked mutton is excellent. But it is a dish that requires a mutton. Pour this over the sliced two tart apples and two medium sized onions and fry them lightly in drippings. Mix a heaping teaspoonful of flour and gradually mix it with a little of the mutton. Stir until the apples and onions and stir until it boils and becomes thick. Then strain and season with salt and pepper. Cool and add a pound and a half of small pieces of mutton. Heat slowly and serve with boiled rice.

They are slaves, who fear to speak for the fallen and the weak; they are slaves, who do not choose hatred, scoffing and abuse. They are slaves who dare not be in the right with two or three.

—Lowell.

MORE GOOD THINGS TO EAT.

There are various methods of cooking and serving asparagus, but it should be cooked until tender whatever may be the method of serving.

When it is desired to serve the whole stalk in white sauce or on toast with drawn butter, tie the stalks so that the lower tougher portions will have the hard cooking, while the tips are steamed. Let the bunch stand upright in the saucepan while cooking.

When the tough portion will not cook tender save those to flavor soup. Lay the cooked stalks, tips all one way, on thin, well-buttered toast, and pour over the sauce. Add but, little sauce, for this is not to be milk toast. If more sauce is desired it may be passed in a sauce boat.

Asparagus Cream Soup.—Boil the hard ends of two bunches of asparagus, add a slice of onion and cook until tender. Drain and rub the pulp through a puree sieve or colander and return the water in which it was cooked, adding a half-teaspoonful of salt.

Scald three cups of milk, cook together two tablespoonfuls each of butter and flour, cook in the asparagus stock and then add the milk. Just when ready to serve beat an egg and add a quarter of a cup of cream; add this to the soup and serve at once.

Mock Duck en Casserole.—Place on a round steak a filling of a pint of bread crumbs seasoned with salt, pepper, onion, butter and sage. Roll up the steak and tie or skewer with toothpicks. Place in a casserole, add a cupful of stock or water and bake well covered 45 minutes. The meat may be browned first before baking in a little hot fat; this improves it and gives it a different flavor.

New Beets.—Beets are most delicious if baked. They seem to be sweeter and have a different flavor from those which are boiled. Wash and place them in a saucepan and bake in a hot oven. Slice, after peeling, and serve with butter and a dash of lemon juice, salt and pepper.

A Daily Bath for the Eye.

A daily "eye bath" is an excellent means of preserving the sight and beauty of the eyes, and is particularly valuable for persons who motor a good deal, for nothing is more injurious to eyes than frequent contact with dust. Dissolve one teaspoonful of boracic acid powder in one pint of rose-water. Every night pour some of the lotion into a glass eyebath, add enough hot water to render it tepid, and bathe each eye in turn by opening and shutting it in the lotion.

Things Worth Knowing.

Fat or suet will keep sweet if separated from the skin, finely shredded

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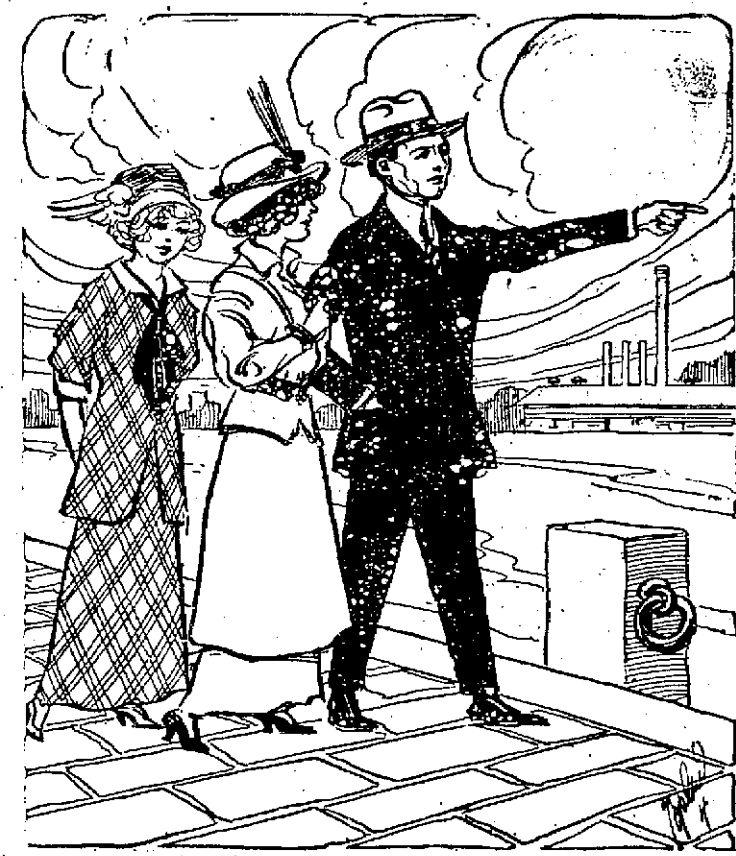
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The Awakening of Peggy



Peggy Gains Insight Into Parker Condrey's Work as She Inspects a Big Power Project.

"Come down to the river front some day," Parker Condrey had urged, "and I will show you around the new power plant we are building."

So Peggy, with a girl friend, had ventured down the hill and along the water front to where a great construction company was putting the finishing touches on a monumental work of concrete and steel. Months had been spent on the preliminary work before Parker Condrey and the other engineers had arrived with their men to install the power machinery.

Condrey met the girls at the edge of the works and at once started to show them the big project.

"Out there," he said, pointing, is the big concrete dam stretching entirely across the river. It is wide enough at the top for a roadway, and some day may be used in place of a bridge. At the bottom it is forty feet wide.

At the end of the dam is the power house, it is that long concrete building over there. The water sweeps around this end of the dam, and then through a kind of big mill race to the big turbine water wheels.

Condrey led the way along the top of one of the concrete walls, the girls following gingerly.

"But how will the boats get up and down stream with this dam barring the way?" inquired Peggy.

"That's all provided for," Condrey replied. "Right beside the power house is a lock, or a short canal, with gates at each end. A boat going down stream enters the upper gates, which are closed behind it. Then the lower gates are gradually opened, the water in the lock runs out slowly and the boat is lowered to the level of the lower river. Then the gates are opened and the boat goes on about its business."

"To think that we have lived here right along, hardly knowing a thing about this!" exclaimed Peggy's friend.

"This project will cost over ten million dollars," Condrey informed them. They were now in the nearly finished power house, where the turbines and electric generators were being installed. "These turbines will furnish power for the generators, which will be capable of producing current amounts of upwards of 100,000 horse power. Wires will be strung from this plant to cities all about here, and this power will run the street cars in towns a hundred miles away."

"How fine it must be," remarked Peggy, "to be part of such an enterprise."

"Yes," assented Condrey, "even if it's only a very small part like mine." (Continued.)

CAPITAL SOCIAL SET HAS A NEW MEMBER

Wants to Stay There.

After a man has reached the top he begins to hope that the rungs in the ladder will all give out.—Detroit Free Press.

Miss Elizabeth Harding.

Miss Elizabeth Harding is the eldest daughter of W. P. G. Harding, the Alabama member of the new federal reserve board. Miss Harding, with her two younger sisters, has recently arrived in Washington and will probably go into society this winter.

Scald three cups of milk, cook together two tablespoonfuls each of butter and flour, cook in the asparagus stock and then add the milk. Just when ready to serve beat an egg and add a quarter of a cup of cream; add this to the soup and serve at once.

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Every Day Talks To Every Day People

BY FRANCES JOYCE KENNEDY.

This space today is given over to recipes, which are printed by request of some of our readers, and have been donated by a country contributor to this paper. The recipe for pickled plums will be run if it can be obtained. It is sometimes not an easy matter to find the recipe wanted, especially when they are of a by-gone generation.

Pickled Beets: Select firm beets, wash well and put on to cook until tender. When thoroughly done remove the skins and slice about a quarter of an inch thick and pack in jars. To one gallon of vinegar add two cupfuls of sugar, let come to a boil, pour over the beets and seal. These improve with age.

Dredgen Pickles: Twelve cucumbers, six onions, six green peppers, six red peppers, five small bunches of celery. Put all the ingredients through the coarse chopper of a meat grinder and stand in salt and water over night. In the morning rinse and drain well and remove the seeds from the peppers. Add the following liquid to the mixture: Three pints of vinegar, one and one-half pints of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of celery seed and two tablespoonfuls of white mustard seeds. Seal in jars without cooking.

Pickled Onions: Peel small white onions and let them stand in strong brine for four days, changing the liquid twice during that time. Heat more brine to the boiling point, add the onions and boil three minutes. Remove the onions, throw them into cold water and leave them there for four hours. Pack them into jars with whole whites and whole peppers and cloves. Cover with scalding vinegar containing one cupful of vinegar to every gallon. Bottle while hot. These pickles should be left standing for two or three months before using.

Sweet Pickled Pears or Peaches: Five pounds of fruit, three pounds of brown sugar, three cups of vinegar, one ounce of stick cinnamon, one-half cupful of whole cloves. Boil the vinegar, cloves and cinnamon for twenty minutes. Dip the fruit quickly in hot water and rub off with a dry cloth. Put half of the fruit into the syrup and cook until soft, remove to glass jars with a perforated skimmer and cook the remaining fruit in the same syrup. Boil down the syrup when the fruit has been cooked and pour it, scalding hot, over the fruit. Seal at once.

French Pickles: One peck of green tomatoes sliced, six large onions, one-half cupful of salt sprinkled on this mixture. Let this stand overnight, drain thoroughly in a colander, boil for fifteen minutes in two quarts of water and the pint of vinegar, two pounds of brown sugar and half a pound of white mustard seed. Tie one tablespoonful each of all kinds of

Some Famous Italians.

Volta and Galvani made great contributions to the science of electricity, but Galvani was not a scientist. His energies all ran in the direction of battle for the social and political emancipation of humanity, especially of his own countrymen. If you have not already done so you should read the life of Galvani—the most popular name in the history of modern Italy.—Chicago Examiner.

A Prolonged Effort.

"She says she writes her husband a few words every day." "I never see her mail any cards or letters to him." "She's working on one of those letters it takes a long time to finish."

That's what you want, and that's what Calumet is guaranteed to give you—

It is sure in perfect leaving and rising qualities, in wholesomeness, in purity.

Perfectly raised, mealy tender biscuits, cakes, muffins, griddle cakes, are bound to result from its use.

Calumet goes farther than other baking powders—and its moderate cost.

Insist on it at your grocers.

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World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois.

Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912

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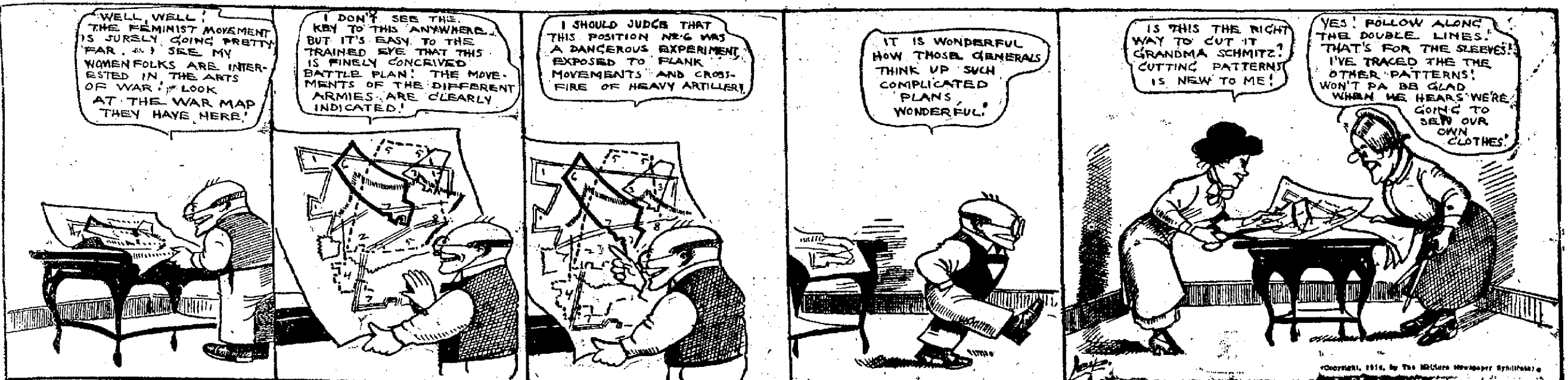
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World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois.

Paris Exposition,



DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—You Can Hardly Blame Father For Being Mistaken—

The Last Shot

By
FREDERICK PALMER

CHAPTER VI.

A Crisis Within a Crisis. Following the path to the tower, they had reached the tower. Feller's door was open. Maria looked into the room, finding in the neat arrangement of its furniture a new significance. He was absent, for it was the dinner hour.

"On my recommendation you took him," Lanstron said.

"Yes, on yours, Lanny, on a friend's! You—she put a cold emphasis on the word—'you' wanted him here for your plans! And why? You haven't answered that yet. What purpose of the war game does he serve in our garden?"

His look pleaded for patience, while he tried to smile, which was rather difficult in face of her attitude.

"Not altogether in the garden; partly in the tower," he replied. "You are to be in the whole secret and in such a way as to make my temptation clear, I hope. First, I think you ought to see the setting. Let us go in."

Impelled by a curiosity that Lanstron's manner accentuated, she entered the room. Apparently Lanstron was familiar with the premises. Passing through the sitting-room into the room adjoining, where Feller stored his tools, he opened a door that gave on to the circular stone steps leading down into the dungeon tunnel.

"I think we had better have a light," he said, and when he had fetched one from the bedroom he descended the steps, asking her to follow.

They were in a passage six feet in height and about three feet broad, which seemed to lead on indefinitely into clammy darkness. The dewy walls sparkled in fantastic and ghastly brilliance under the rays from the lantern. The dank air lay moist against their faces.

"This is far enough," he paused and raised the lantern. With its light full in her face, she blushed. "There, at the height of your chin!"

She noted a metal button painted gray, set at the side of one of the steps of the wall, which looked unreal. She struck the stone with her knuckles and it gave out the sound of hollow wood, which was followed, as an echo, by a little laugh from Lanstron. Pressing the button, a panel door flew open, revealing a telephone microphone and receiver set in the recess.

"Like a detective play!" were the first words that sprang to her lips. "Well!" As she faced around her eyes glittered in the lantern rays. "Well, have you any other little tricks to show me? Are you a sleight-of-hand artist, too, Lanny? Are you going to take a machine gun out of your hat?"

"That is the whole bag," he answered. "I thought you'd rather see it than have it described to you."

"Having seen it, let us go!" she said, in a manner that implied further recklessness to come.

"I am out of a thousand possible sources one source succeeds, then the rest and pains of the other nine hundred and ninety-nine are more than repaid," he was saying urgently, the soldier's earnestness in him. "Some of the best service we have had has been absurd in its simplicity and its audacity. In time of war more than one battle has been decided by a thing that was a trifle in itself. No matter what your preparation, you can never remove the element of chance. An hour gained in information about your enemy's plans may turn the tide in your favor. A Chinese peasant spy, because he happened to be intoxicated, was able to give the Japanese warning in time for Kuroki to make full dispositions for receiving the Russian attack in force at the Sha-ho. There are many other incidents of like nature in history. So it is my duty to neglect no possible method, however absurd."

By this time he was at the head of the steps. Standing to one side, he offered his hand to assist Maria. But she seemed not to see it. Her aspect

was that of downright antagonism. "However absurd! Yes, it is absurd to think that you can make me a party to any of your plans, for—" She broke off abruptly with staring eyes, as if she had seen an apparition.

Lanstron turned and through the door of the tool-room saw Feller entering the sitting-room. He was not the bent, deferential gardener. His features were hard-set, a fighting rage burning in his eyes, his sinews taut as if about to spring upon an adversary. When he recognized the intruder he turned limp, his head dropped, hiding his face with his hat brim, and he steadied himself by resting a hand on the table edge.

"Oh, it's you, Lanny—Colonel Lanstron!" he exclaimed thickly. "I saw that some one had come in here and naturally I was alarmed, as nobody but myself ever enters. And Miss Galland!" He removed his hat deferentially.

"You saw so much more of me than the others, Miss Galland," he said with a charming bow, "and you are so quick to observe. I am sorry—" he paused with head down for an instant—"very sorry to have deceived you."

"But you are still a 'deaf gardener' to me," said Maria, finding consolation in pleasing him.

"Eh? Eh?" He put his hand to his ear as he resumed his stoop. "Yes, yes," he added, as a deaf man will when understanding of a remark which he failed at first to catch comes to him in an echo. "Yes, the gardener has no past," he declared in the gentle old gardener's voice, "when all the flowers die every year and he thinks only of next year's blossoms—of the future!"

Now the air of the room seemed to be stifling him, that of the roofless world of the garden calling him. The bent figure disappeared around a turn in the path and they listened without moving until the sound of his slow, dragging footsteps had died away.

"When he is serving those of his own social station I can see how it would be easier for him not to have me know," said Maria. "Sensitive, proud and intense—" and a look of horror appeared in her eyes. "As he came across the room his face was transformed. I imagine it was like that of a man giving no quarter in a bayonet charge!"

Feller had won the day for himself where a friend's pleas might have failed. This was as it should be, Lanstron thought.

"The right view—the view that you were bound to take!" he said.

"And yet, I don't know your plans for him, Lanny. There is another thing to consider," she replied, with an abrupt change of tone. "But first let us leave Feller's quarters. We are intruders here."

"A man playing deaf; a secret telephone installed on our premises without our consent—this is all I know so far," said Maria, seated opposite Lanstron at one end of the circular seat in the arbor of Mercury.

"Of course," with her 3,000,000 against their 5,000,000, the Grays will take the offensive," he said. "For us, the defensive. La Tir is in an angle. It does not belong in the permanent tactical line of our defenses. Nevertheless, there will be hard fighting here. The Browns will fall back step by step, and we mean, with relatively small cost to ourselves, to make the Grays pay a heavy price for each step—just as heavy as we can."

"You need not use euphonious terms," she said without lifting her lashes or any movement except a quick, nervous gesture of her free hand. "What you mean is that you will kill as many as possible of the Grays, isn't it? And if you could kill five for every man you lost, that would be splendid, wouldn't it?"

"I don't think of it as splendid. There is nothing splendid about war," he objected; "not to me, Maria."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

First Requisite. Most persons think little of advice until they themselves have had experience upon which to base it.—Judge.

Dinner Stories

A guide was expatiating on the Egyptian pyramids to a party of tourists. It took hundreds of years

to build them, and — "It must have been a government job!" said one of the tourists, sotto voce.

President Wilson likes novels of an idealistic rather than a realistic trend. At a reception in Washington a lady mentioned a realist who had just produced a shockingly depressing and unpleasant book.

"How would you define a realist?" someone asked, and the lady said: "A realist is a writer who is disgusted with the world."

"Oh, no; not at all," smiled the president. "A realist is a writer with whom the world is disgusted."

The minister came to Jethro's house one afternoon to a christening party—he was to christen Jethro's little son, Jeth. Jr. Jethro, said the minister solemnly, taking his host aside before the ceremony, "Jethro, are you prepared for the solemn event?" "Oh, yes, indeed, doctor," Jethro beamed. "I've got two hams; three gallons of ice cream; pickles, cake and a smile."

"No, Jethro," said the minister with a smile. "No, my friend, I mean, spiritually prepared." "Well, I guess yes! Two demijohns of whiskey and three cases of beer!" Jethro cried in triumph.

THE WORLD SET FREE

Europe's Armageddon and the Last War

By H. G. WELLS

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The king then summoned Firmin in order to make a short note of a number of things that he had said during the day. But after about twenty minutes' work the sweet sleepiness of the mountain air overcame him, and he dismissed Firmin and went to bed and fell asleep at once, and slept with extreme satisfaction. He had had an active, agreeable day.

The establishment of the new order that was thus so humanly begun was, in one measure, it by the standard of any preceding age, a rapid process. The fighting spirit of the world was exhausted. Only here or there did fierceness linger. For long decades the combative side in human affairs had been monstrously exaggerated by the accidents of political separation. An enormous proportion of the forces that sustained armaments had been nothing more aggressive than the fear of war and warlike neighbors. It is doubtful if any large section of the men actually enlisted for fighting ever at any time really hungered and thirsted for bloodshed and danger. That kind of appetite was probably never very strong in the species after the savage stage was past. The army was a profession, in which killing had become a disagreeable possibility rather than an eventuality. If one reads the old newspapers and periodicals of that time, which did so much to keep militarism alive, one finds very little about glory and adventure and a constant harping on the disagreeableness of invasion and subjugation. In one word, militarism was funk. The belligerent resolution of the armed Europe of the twentieth century was the resolution of a fiercely frightened sheep to plunge. And now that its weapons were exploding in its hands Europe was only too eager to drop them and abandon this fancied refuge of violence.

For a time the whole world had been shocked into frankness; nearly all the clever people who had hitherto sustained the ancient belligerent separations had now been brought to realize the need for simplicity of attitude and openness of mind, and in this atmosphere of moral renascence there was little attempt to get negotiable advantages out of resistance to the new order. Human beings are foolish enough, no doubt, but few have stopped to haggle in a fire escape. The council had his way with them. The band of "patriots" who seduced the laboratories and arsenal just outside Osaka and tried to rouse Japan to a revolt against inclusion in the republic of mankind, found they had miscalculated the national pride, and met the swift vengeance of their own countrymen. That fight in the arsenal was a vivid incident in this closing chapter of the history of war. To the last the "patriots" were undecided whether in the event of a defeat they would explode their supply of atomic bombs or not. They were fighting with swords outside the iron door, and the moderates of their number were at bay and on the verge of destruction; only ten indeed remained un wounded when the republicans burst in to the rescue.

Three other aeroplanes curved down and came to rest amid the crushed grass close by the smashed machine. Their passengers descended and ran, holding their light rifles in their hands, toward the debris and the two dead men. The coffin shaped box that had occupied the center of the machine had broken, and three black objects, each with two handles like the ears of a pitcher, lay peacefully amid the litter.

These objects were so tremendously important in the eyes of their captors that they disregarded the two dead men who lay bloody and broken amid the wreckage as they might have disregarded frogs by a country pathway.

"Look! Look!" cried the first. "Here they are!"

"And unbroken!" said the second. "I've never seen the things before," said the first.

"Bigger than I thought," said the second.

The third corner arrived. He stared for a moment at the bombs and then turned his eyes to the dead man with a crushed chest who lay in a muddy place among the green stems under the center of the machine.

"One can take no risks," he said with a faint suggestion of apology.

The other two now also turned to the victims. "We must signal," said the first man. A shadow passed between them and the sun, and they looked up to see the aeroplane that had fired the last shot.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

War Atlas—Cut the coupon from today's paper and bring it into the Gazette office with 17c, or by mail 17c.

Are You Suffering From Auto-Intoxication?

The dictionary says that Auto-Intoxication is "poisoning, or the state of being poisoned, from toxic substances produced within the body." This is a condition due to the stomach, bowels, kidneys, liver, or pores of the body failing to throw off the poisons. More than 50% of adults are suffering from this trouble. This is probably why you are suffering from nervousness, headaches, loss of appetite, lack of ambition, and many other symptoms produced by Auto-Intoxication. Your whole system needs stirring up.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

(In Tablet or Liquid Form)

will remedy the trouble. It first aids the system to expel accumulated poisons. It acts as a tonic and finally enables the body to eliminate its own poisons without any outside aid. Obey Nature's warnings. Your dealer in medicines will supply you, or you may send 50c for a sample package of tablets by mail. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The latest edition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery should be in every family. It is the reason why you should be without it when it will be sent from you if you will send out of wrapping and mailing—All correspondence and orders to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PRICE MAINTENANCE

Its Necessity to Aid Consumer.

Many big industries engaged in national trade have often in the past done openly what the small concerns in their limited fields have done secretly—varied prices according to the degree of competition at different times and places. Their object has been to secure the highest price to be had, irrespective of whether the buyer was held up or not.

The principle of selling goods at a close margin at one place to meet or to kill competition, and charging a high price, to make up for it, where little or no competition exists, is economically wrong and unfair to the buyer. Every article offered for sale should have a uniform price plainly marked upon it.

Manufacturers will then have to see that the price of their goods is a reasonable one, so they will sell, and at the same time they will provide enough profit to pay the jobber and dealer fairly for handling the goods at a uniform price. This will inspire confidence in the consumer, because he will know the price can not be cut and must, therefore, be a reasonable one in seeking to do so. He will buy such goods in preference to a small selling article sold at exaggerated profits.

Everybody will benefit from price maintenance in this way. It will protect the manufacturer who has built up well known brands, and the new comer who is seeking to do so. Distributors will be protected in handling it at a fair profit, and they will not be forced, through fear of cut-throat competition, to build up their own private brands at much expense. Fixing the market with unknown private brands brings about complexity and doubt in the minds of the consumers. Many private brands are sold at exorbitant prices, and many are of doubtful quality. It is better to eliminate thousands of the unknown brands and force the manufacturers to establish one brand for each quality of goods made by them. This will avoid confusion and complexity in the mind of the consumer, and he will use the well established brands which are of the right quality and sold at one fair price to all.



The General says: A well satisfied customer is seldom lost. He will come back to the same house of business which has given him satisfaction and service before. The next time you are in the market for roofing remember—

Certain-teed Roofing

Quality
Certified

Roofing

Durability
Guaranteed

—has won its way to the front because customers who have covered one building with Certain-teed want it for other buildings. They know by experience that Certain-teed is the highest quality roofing possible to buy, and they know it is reasonable in price.

When you buy Certain-teed you have our real guarantee that it will last at least five years for 1-ply, ten years for 2-ply, and fifteen years for 3-ply, and this guarantee is backed by the world's largest roofing mills.

Certain-teed Roofing

contains no coal tar because coal being a by-product of gas works and coke ovens, dries out too quickly. Certain-teed Roofing

is made of the best felt, saturated with our properly blended asphalt, and coated with a harder asphalt as a protecting surface. This keeps the soft saturation from drying out quickly and preserves the life of the roofing.

There is a dealer in your city or town who handles Certain-teed products. He will be glad to give you information and prices.

General Roofing Manufacturing Company

World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers

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CERTAIN-TEED ROOFING
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READ GAZETTE WANT ADS

Agricultural and Garden Dept.

ALLEN B. WEST, Director.

In this department Professor West will answer all questions on agricultural and garden matters each Saturday. As your interest in the department develops, a more frequent insertion of the queries and answers will be made. Address all communications signed with your name, to the Agricultural Department, Gazette. Your name will be withheld, if desired. If personal answer is also desired, enclose self-addressed stamped envelope.

I have some maple trees whose leaves have a peculiar appearance, being quite thickly dotted with roundish black spots.

I will be grateful if you can tell me what can be done for them.

Respectfully yours,

M. H.

Your maple trees are affected by a disease known as "tar spot of maple." It is another of those fungus diseases we so often encounter. Its scientific name is *rysium aceris*. In the autumn these leaves like others, fall to the ground and in the winter and early spring these tar spots undergo a change. By May they are covered with spores which affect the new maple leaves.

This fact suggests the remedy. If the leaves are burned in the fall there will be no material from which infection can take place in the following spring.

The undersigned has been raising amber fodder cane for a green feed with which to supplement his pasture.

After first cutting, it began to grow until there was a good second growth crop.

Hearing that it was not safe to feed this second growth and not wishing to run any risks in the matter, I wrote to the department of animal husbandry at the University of Wisconsin for information and received the following reply:

Dear Sir:—With reference to second growth sorghum I will say that our best authorities caution against pasturing this, as it has been known to contain prussic acid, which is poisonous to all classes of stock. Cutting it and wilting it overcomes the difficulty and furnishes a food that is worth while. However, I would advise that you be cautious about pasturing it.

Very truly yours,
GEO. HUMPHREY.

We have used the fodder according to these directions and find it safe and satisfactory.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

SOIL FOR ALFALFA

Government Survey of Soils Shows Alfalfa Could be Raised Advantageously in County Named.

Alfalfa is becoming an important crop in Jefferson county Wis., according to a report of the soil survey made of the county by the bureau of soils, U. S. department of agriculture. On a considerable number of dairy farms it is considered the most important crop that can be produced since it yields a larger amount of valuable food per acre than any other crop adapted to the region. Yields of four tons per acre are common while six tons have been secured on the most highly improved farms.

The survey was made for the purpose of classifying the different types of soil and determining to what crops they are best adapted. The report, which has just been issued, is accompanied by a map in colors showing the location and extent of the different types of soil as well as the location of churches, school houses, roads, and streams in the county.

Alfalfa is grown most extensively on the Miami silt loam, Miami gravelly sand loam and Fox silt loam. About 20 pounds of seed per acre is the usual amount sown. There is a larger acreage devoted to oats than to any other crop in the county. Peas of the best quality are produced on the Miami silt loam.

The truck industry has not been developed to any extent. Every farm has a garden where all sorts of vegetables are grown for home use but the market garden has not been developed. Fruit growing is yet to be developed on a commercial scale.

Dairying is the most important branch of farming in the county. A number of creameries are managed on the co-operation plan and this system seems to be growing in favor.

The trucking industry could be extended with profit, especially on the sandy soils. These crops should attract attention and every farm should have enough of the different kinds of fruit to supply the home. The drainage of low-lying land in the county, including the great marshes, would add greatly to the productivity of soils. Many of these tracts could be readily drained at a comparatively small cost and when properly managed prove very profitable.

Use for Old Records.

Old talking machine records make very nice table mats for hot dishes. The mats are made by gluing asbestos on both sides of records and covering with linen or cretonne and binding with a brass strip with same material sewed into place.

Patents to Inventors.

Morsell, Keeney & French, solicitors of patents, majestic building, Milwaukee, Wis., and Robinson building, Racine, Wis., report patents issued to Wisconsin inventors on Sept. 8, 1914, and Sept. 15, as follows:

Ma XV, Goldberg, Brillont, ladies holders; Wm. S. Burnett, Milwaukee, selector; Thos. W. Capen, Milwaukee, gratory car; Arthur H. W. Capen, Milwaukee, alternating motor controller for elevator; Wm. F. Eichfeld, Milwaukee, apparatus for cleansing bottles; Jas. H. Polan, Kenosha, receptacle cap; Wm. H. Gore, Beloit, internal combustion engine; Frank R. Hoberg, Green Bay, toilet paper roll; Reinhold Krumming, Milwaukee, temporary binder of loose sheet holder; Fred Masden and F. C. Sandry, Racine, adding machine; Wm. J. Neid, Madison, typewriting machine; Guy R. Radley, Milwaukee, motor controller; Chas. Stein, Fall Creek, ironing board; John C. Stillman, Milwaukee, for hot air stent; Wm. H. Wyman, Oshkosh, operating mechanism for washing machines.

National Geographic Society War Primer,

Toul—A northeastern French garrison town 15 miles west of Nancy and 23 miles from the Lorraine border. Its population is about 11,000. It is bordered on the south by the Moselle river and on the north by the Rine canal. Immediately after the Franco-Prussian war the whole system of frontier defense was revised in France, and Toul was made the most formidable of all the frontier fortresses of the Meuse and Moselle. The perimeter of the Toul defenses proper is nearly 30 miles, and their mean distance from the town about six miles. The city is connected with France by a railroad, the "Meuse line" of barrier forts. The town's industries include the manufacture of porcelain; its trade is in wine and brandy. It is one of the oldest towns in France. After being asked successively by Goths, Burgundians, Vandals and Huns, Toul was conquered by the Franks in 450. The town capitulated in 1870 after bombardment of 13 days.

Meaux—in northern France on the right bank of the Marne, the chief town of the agricultural region of Brie, 28 miles east of the city of Paris by rail, with a population of 13,000. It was here in 1567 that the Protestants tried to seize the French king Charles IX and his mother, Catherine de Medici. The plot failed and the queen escaping with their courtiers to Paris. It was the first town which opened its gates to Henry IV in 1594. On the highway to Paris, its environs were ravaged by the army of Louis XIV in 1692 and it was laid under heavy

requisitions in 1814, 1816 and 1870. The town has a large trade in cereals, wool, cheeses and other farm produce, and manufactures flour, lumber, mustard, hosiery, plaster and machinery. Coulmiers—A French town, 45 miles east of Paris by rail, in the Brie district, with a population of about 7,000. The town's chief industry is printing. It also carries on tanning, flour milling and sugar making, and trades in agricultural products. It is famous in cheese named after the town. The town contains a statue to Commandant Beaupre, who, in 1792, killed himself rather than surrender Verdun to the Prussians.

Galicia—The largest province of Austria, bounded on the north and east by Russia and separated from Hungary on the south by the Carpathian mountains; on the west by the province of Moravia and on the southeast by the province of Bukovina. Long winters, with an abundant snow, and short and wet springs, hot summers and dry autumns, give it the severest climate in Austria. Its principal agricultural products are barley, oats, rye, wheat, maize and potatoes. It also produces wine and spirits. It is also famous for its salt, coal, petroleum, zinc and sulphur. Galicia makes nearly 70 per cent of the total production of spirits in Austria. It also manufactures lumber. The first partition of Poland in 1772 Galicia came to Austria; in 1795 West Galicia was added to the district and the further addition of Cracow was made in 1846.



Uneeda Biscuit

Tempt the appetite, please the taste and nourish the body. Crisp, clean and fresh. 5 cents.

Baronet Biscuit

Round, thin, tender—with a delightful flavor—appropriate for luncheon, tea and dinner. 10 cents.

GRAHAM CRACKERS

Made of the finest ingredients. Baked to perfection. The national strength food. 10 cents.

Buy biscuit baked by
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
Always look for that Name.

CLINTON

Clinton, September 19.—Word was received here yesterday afternoon telling of the accidental killing of the little daughter of Eugene Becker. Mr. Becker was hauling corn stalks out of a field on the farm he is running, near Woodstock, when in some manner he explained the little tot fell under the wagon and was crushed to death.

Mr. Becker and family live in Clinton some time, he being employed in H. J. Napper's store, and they are all well known to our people, whose heartfelt sympathy goes out to the stricken family.

Miss Ella Bardman is entertaining a friend, Miss Lettow from Clinton, Ill.

The Misses Northrop very hospitably entertained a small company of ladies Thursday evening. An auction bridge was the happy diversion of the evening.

Roy Smith of Chicago, came out to see his mother Wednesday for a few hours.

A. J. Boden and wife and A. W. Miller and wife spent Thursday and Friday at Milwaukee.

W. H. Hughes and R. J. Stewart motored to Milwaukee Friday morning early.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Scott of La Porte, Indiana, are visiting Mrs. Nettie Scott and children.

F. G. Tausch and an auto party of Delavan, stopped here to call on friends Thursday.

Mrs. Joseph Tuttle returned from Woodstock Thursday where she visited her brother and family a few days.

Ladies Aid of the Baptist church Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Willis of Green Lake, Wis., are visiting their son and family here.

Albert Rader of Capron, Ill., is visiting friends here.

Mrs. E. S. Duxstad is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Hall and son, of Chicago.

Mrs. E. S. Duxstad Mrs. E. R. Kizer, Mrs. W. K. Seaver and Mrs. Hall motored to Beloit yesterday afternoon in the Duxstad car.

Real Estate Transfers.

George Barton et al to Thomas Barton pt lot 4 4 Toynon's and others sub \$1.

Frank A. Blaisdell wd. to George I. Kelly wd. lot 169 Cemetery dead \$20.

Martha P. Wolff to M. J. Noonan pt lots 5 and 6 Orford \$1.

Hattie Hand and hus. to Richard Carson and wd. pt. nw 1/4 sec. 34-10 \$2500.

R. Schuster and wife to Namon O. Tracy and wife, part lot 20, blk. 9, Wheeler's add. Beloit—\$1.

A. T. Heyerdahl and wife to A. E. and W. E. Tomlin, part lot 6, blk. 6, Orfordville \$1000.

Charles E. Jones to John E. Graham and wife, lot 5, Blackmere's sub, Beloit—\$2,450.

F. C. Williams S. Perrigo and wife to John F. Curran, trust for John R. and Robert J. Curran, lot 4, blk. 1, Perrigo place, Beloit—\$1.

SOUTH MAGNOLIA

South Magnolia, Sept. 19.—Mr. and Mrs. Berryman and daughter, Ruth, of Evansville, and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Palmer and family of Footville spent Sunday at Will Nymans.

Mrs. Otto Hagerman visited relatives in Monroe last week.

F. Van Skike and W. A. Harper were Evansville visitors Tuesday.

H. G. Mau was a Monroe visitor last Saturday.

W. A. Harper and T. T. Harper were business callers at Magnolia Friday.

Mrs. Chris Gimpeler visited relatives in Monroe last Saturday and Sunday.

FIRST APOLLO CLUB

CONCERT ANNOUNCED

James Thatcher Orchestra Will Give Opening Entertainment of Season on October 5th.

George S. Parker, president of the Apollo Club, made the following announcement today with reference to the 1915 season for the society which will open with a concert by the James Thatcher orchestra on October 5.

"Some cities are judged by their population, some by the number and character of the schools, some by the business interests. A city is a good or bad place in which to live, according to the amount of the finer things of life which it furnishes its inhabitants."

"A city that is rated large in point of numbers may be exceedingly poor indeed if it pays no attention to the interests of its residents."

"There is probably no one thing that has more of a refining influence upon the minds of the people than good music, whether instrumental or vocal or both."

"The city of Janesville, for the past ten years or more, has fostered a musical organization of devoted, exclusively to promoting good music—classical music. This organization has been supported and fostered by the best class of citizens in the city that have realized that for the good of the city such an organization is necessary."

"During its existence, it has furnished many entertainments of the very highest order, given by artists of national and international reputation. By so doing, children have been interested in music and induced to cultivate their talents. Others have had their ideas of music enlarged and all have enjoyed the superb recitals that have been given under the auspices of the Apollo Club of the city of Janesville."

"The Apollo club, as is pretty generally known, is not for the purpose of making money, but for furnishing the recitals to its members at the exact cost."

"The Apollo Club has striven each year to make each succeeding year just a little better than the preceding one. Last year's entertainment such as the Gwent Male chorus of singers, which entertainment was given in the Opera House, was one of the six attractions given by the Apollo Club."

"Senorita Anita Carranza, a niece of the Carranza of Mexican fame, another."

"Edward Baxter Perry, the blind musician, and which entertainment was probably one of the best piano recitals ever given in the city."

"This year's program promises to be the richest in talent and music of any year. The European war in a measure accounts for this as many of the artists are leaving or have left Europe and are coming to the states, consequently it is possible to secure European artists this year at prices which on former years would not be considered."

"The Apollo Club will give this year's opening recital October 5th, and will be given by the James Thatcher Orchestra consisting of nine pieces including harp which is played by Sr. Antonio Barille. The orchestra is also accompanied by Jennie Thatcher Bach, soprano. The entire program is of the very highest character and will be a recital that the friends and patrons of the Apollo Club will remember for a long time to come."

"The second entertainment will be given by the International Operatic Company, November 2nd."

BRODHEAD

Brodhead, Sept. 19.—Mrs. Bert Townie returned Friday to her home in Rockford after spending a fortnight in Brodhead the guest of her mother, Mrs. Wm. Douglas.

Mrs. Edith Rowland, who has been spending some few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Kittelsen, left Friday for her home in Bigelow, Ark.

Mrs. Bashie Lucas went to Madison Friday, where she is the guest of her son, Attorney and family. Frank Lucas and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Rodgers and Miss Alberta Garner of Chicago, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Skinner and other Brodhead friends.

Mrs. W. B. Fleck was a passenger to Janesville Friday for a short stay with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Olsen and family.

Miss Mary Jacobs, who has spent the summer at the home of her sister, Mrs. Dwellyn Fleck, leaves Monday for her home in Rutland, Ill.

Miss Esther Zilke left Friday for her home in New London after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. August Nix.

Roger Mooney left Friday afternoon for Iowa City, at which place he attended the university the ensuing school year.

Mrs. H. B. Gifford of Juda was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. A. Dinedale on Friday.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid Society picnic was well attended and was a most pleasant affair, Friday.

"Billy's Bungalow," the musical farce comedy presented by local talent in Broughton's Opera House Friday evening under the direction of Messrs. Hutchinson and Lewis for the benefit of the Presbyterian choir, drew a full house and the large audience was highly entertained.

"Was is a bad accident?" "Well, I was knocked speechless, and my wheel was knocked spokeless." — Christian Register.

ABE MARTIN

The feller who quits th' Republican party never fergs to take a role in born hatred fer a Democrat with him. Ike Soles an' wife are back from Kansas an' look almost poor enough t' have ten children.

Light Bottle Is the Weak Link

No chain is stronger than its weakest link. No beer in a light bottle is any purer than that bottle keeps it.

The light bottle is insufficient protection from light.

Light starts decay even in pure beer.

Schlitz is made pure, and the Brown Bottle keeps it pure.

You are not asked to take any risk of impurity from exposure to light. Schlitz Brown Bottle protects it.

See that Crown is branded "Schlitz."

Telephones: Old Phone 222
New Phone Red 175
Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co.,
614 Wall Street
Janesville, Wis.

Schlitz The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Janesville Combined Merchants
Fall Style Show and Opening
October First, Second, Third.

Janesville Combined Merchants
Fall Style Show and Opening
October First, Second, Third.

T. P. BURNS

DRY GOODS & CARPETS

SUITS • COATS • MILLINERY

The New Fall Fashions Are Now On Display Here

The newest features in the world of Suits, Coats and Dresses are lavishly displayed in this collection of choice offerings. Every garment included is of substantial materials, splendidly tailored, carefully styled. Everyone is absolutely reliable and the price very emphatically out of the ordinary.

Special Values From Various Departments

Here are a few of the many specials throughout the store:

- Men's 75c Dress Shirts, special at 59c
- Men's \$1.00 Dress Shirts, special at 89c
- Men's \$1.25 Dress Gloves, special at \$1.00
- Selected Violet Talcum Powder, very special, 8c per can, not over two cans to any one customer.
- Dresser Scarfs and Table Covers, 75c values, special at 45c
- A very choice line of Ladies' Hand Bags at moderate prices.
- Chambrays, 10c values, in all colors, special at per yard 7c
- Figured Dress Goods, 75c values, in the leading shades, special at, per yard 7c
- Black Mersaline Silk, 36 inches wide, \$1.25 value, special at, per yard 59c
- White China Silk, 36 inches wide, \$1.00 values, special at per yard 79c
- Bleached Table Linen, \$1.25 value, special at per yard 89c
- A complete new line of Wash and Silk Waists, ranging in price from, each 50c to \$8.00

THE RATE FOR ADVERTISEMENTS in these classified columns is one cent per word per insertion. Nothing less than 25c accepted. Cash in advance. Charge accounts 1 cent per word.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

WHEN YOU THINK OF INSURANCE, think of C. F. Boers. 1-24-11.
IF IT IS GOD HARDWARE, Mc Namara has it.
RAZORS HONED—25c. Premo Bros. 27-11.
QUALITY CANDIES AT RAZOOK'S. 27-11.

FOR GOOD GOODS Talk to Lowell. 1-15-30-11.

HOLLAND FURNACES make warm friends. F. F. Van Coevern. Both phones. 1-24-11.

SALE—Second hand 30 h. p. alternating current motor. Best class. Cheap for quick sale. At Auction. Electrical Contractor, 422 1/2 N. St. Both phones. 1-6-11.

TAYLOR VOICE CULTURE. Accurate placement and development of the voice. Central Block, Janesville, Wis. 1-24-11.

DRY CLEANING AND DYEING. Badger Laundry and Dye Works do all kinds of dyeing and cleaning by most up-to-date methods. Also laundrying by experts. We guarantee perfect results with the most delicate fabrics. 4-10-11-11.

MOTORCYCLES AND BICYCLE REPAIRS. Knives and scissors sharpened. Saws filed. Clippers sharpened. C. H. Cox, Corn Exchange. 37-11-20-11.

THE BUSINESS HOUSES advertising in this column value your patronage enough to spend money going after it.

SITUATION WANTED, Female. GIRL OR WOMAN who desires more pay on account of her energy and determination.

SITUATION WANTED, MALE. MR. EMPLOYER, if this column does not describe a man who will fill your requirements, your ad on this page will bring him to you.

WANTED—Place to work on farm, good milk. Caspar Amstad, care E. M. Clark, Milton Ave. 2-9-11-11.

FEMALE HELP WANTED. IF THERE ARE NO POSITIONS open here for you try advertising for a position yourself. Give the Gazette for an address if you like.

WANTED—Housekeeper, two in family. Address "H. K." Gazette. 4-9-11-11.

WANTED—Experienced girl for second work. Mrs. George S. Parker, 605 Court street. 4-9-11-11.

WANTED—An experienced dining room girl at Flynn's restaurant. 4-9-11-11.

WANTED—Several girls for general work in stitching, steady employment, good wages. Lewis Knitting Co. 4-9-11-11.

WANTED—An experienced cook and waitress at Central House, Evansville, Wis. 4-9-11-11.

WANTED—Immediately, girls for private houses and hotels. Mrs. B. McCarthy. Both phones. 4-9-11-11.

MALE HELP WANTED. POSITIONS ARE OPEN to men of ambition. If you want a position better advertised under another heading.

WANTED—Young man stenographer and bookkeeper, one capable of developing into branch manager or sales manager. Must have had some experience and be rapid and accurate. Steady position with opportunity for advancement. Address "Position" care Gazette. 5-9-11-11.

WANTED—Salesman and collector at once. 126 Corn Exchange. 5-9-11-11.

WANTED—Unmarried man to work on farm by month. Steady work. Old phone 7-9-11-11.

HELP WANTED. DON'T REMAIN IDLE waiting for someone to offer you a job. Put a want ad in the Gazette and show you have energy enough to go after it.

AGENTS WANTED. WE STRIVE to keep from this page all unreliable firms. Let us know if you answer a fake. We will prosecute them.

REAL ESTATE WANTED. DON'T WAIT for someone to advertise under this head. Place your ad in the for sale column.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—For a house in Janesville, a modern bungalow, one of the best winter resorts in San Diego, Calif. For particulars address 206 Dunn St., Whitewater, Wis. 34-9-11-11.

HOUSES WANTED. KEEPING ONE EYE ON THIS SPACE will save house owners from having empty houses. You can rent it quicker by advertising.

WANTED TO RENT—5 or 6-room modern house, close in. Old phone 8-11-11-11.

WANTED, MISCELLANEOUS. AT A PRICE agreeable to both parties anything you have to dispose of can be quickly sold somewhere on this page.

WANTED AT ONCE—Places where students may work for room and board. Phone 618 or 1314 W. 6-9-11-11.

WANTED—A second-hand one-horse wagon. Bell phone 1998. 6-9-11-11.

WANTED—Large sized safe. Price must be reasonable. Address "Safe" care Gazette. 9-11-11-11.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT. THE ROOMS YOU WANT may not be here but the owners might answer your ad under another classification.

FOR RENT—One furnished heated room. 602 Court. 8-9-11-11.

LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS. FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 402 East Milwaukee St. 6-9-11-11.



DITCHED!

The want of a little time, the lack of careful scrutiny did it.

A loose plate and a magnificent piece of mechanism lies in the ditch.

How about the mechanism in your business? Is all as it should be?

Can you use other competent men and women? Do you want extra eyes trained to look for details?

Just such men and women are seeking positions with just such concerns as yours. They can be reached, if your ad appears under the heading "Help Wanted" in tonight's Gazette.

FURNISHED APTS. FOR RENT

NICE APARTMENTS are to be had if the owner knows who wants them. Let them know through a Gazette want ad.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

UNDER THIS HEADING an unprofitable bare room or rooms may be just what someone wants, and you can be the gainer.

BOARD AND ROOM TO RENT

OFTEN TIMES when there are no advertisements here you can find a good home place by advertising under "Wanted, board and room."

FLATS FOR RENT

A GOOD WARM FLAT will be nice this winter. If you do not see anything to suit you here advertise for it under "Flats wanted."

HOUSES FOR RENT

IT'S A GOOD CITY where few houses are for rent. There will be houses for rent later which you can get an option on by advertising for it.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

OPPORTUNITY comes only to hustlers. If you are you are busy, a Gazette want ad will hustle for you by proxy.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES

ARE YOU INTERESTED in buying or selling a horse or carriage? Place your advertisement here and your desires will be accomplished.

WANTED, MISCELLANEOUS

AT A PRICE agreeable to both parties anything you have to dispose of can be quickly sold somewhere on this page.

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One furnished heated room. 602 Court. 8-9-11-11.

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FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 402 East Milwaukee St. 6-9-11-11.

AUCTION DIRECTORY.

The Gazette will announce in this column a directory of all auctions in this section free of charge, if the information is sent in writing. It is not now complete but will be shortly. Consult this directory before setting your date so as not to conflict with others. Send for free booklet, "Auction Sales and How to Prepare For Them."

SEPT. 22—Otto F. Duennow, Prop. On Henry Corbin farm, Town of La Prairie. W. T. Dooley, Auctioneer.
 Sept. 25—Fried Hood, Prop. Clinton Jct. W. T. Dooley, Auctioneer.
 Sept. 28—J. T. Barless & Son, Props. 3 1/2 miles east of Janesville. W. T. Dooley, Auctioneer.
 Sept. 29—James R. Kelly, Prop. Clinton Jct. W. T. Dooley, Auctioneer.
 Sept. 29—J. E. Honeysett, Prop. 3 miles south of Janesville, Afton. Rafter & Ryan, Auctioneers.
 Sept. 30—Mickelthwait, Prop. Clinton Jct. W. T. Dooley, Auctioneer.
 Oct. 1—Emil Adam, Prop. Town of La Prairie. W. T. Dooley, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Ford auto; 8 h. p. gas engine; both in good condition. Will take \$75 for either one. 152 Cherry St. Old phone 1665. 18-9-19-21.

MOTORCYCLES

SECOND HAND MOTORCYCLES are often good as new for your purpose. Keep eye on these ads and buy one cheap.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

MANY A BARGAIN IN REAL ESTATE can be picked up by daily reading these ads. If in a hurry, advertise under "Real estate wanted."

FOR SALE—Modern 6-room cottage; furnace heat, large lot, plenty of fruit. New barn. A bargain. Address owner, 1226 Ruger Ave. 33-9-18-31.

FOR SALE—110-acre farm, 3/4 of a mile southeast from Ortfordville. Reasonable terms. For further information write or enquire of Mrs. H. H. Medgorden, Ortfordville, Wis. Rte. 4. 4-33-9-14-15-17.

FARM FOR SALE—I have a splendid farm for sale at a bargain. John Cunningham, 25 W. Milwaukee St. 33-8-12-17.

POULTRY AND HOUSEHOLD

PETS

SOMEBODY WANTS what you have or has just what you want—advertise.

LIVESTOCK

COMMISSION MERCHANTS are not needed when you advertise here.

FOR SALE—Registered Guernsey bull calf, \$35. George Jerome, Jefferson, Wis. 21-9-18-31.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Shropshire rams. G. W. Hull, Whitewater, Wis. Rte. 1. 27-8-26-27.

FARMERS' ATTENTION

FARMERS SAVE MONEY by reading these offerings daily.

FOR SALE—Four 6-roll McCormick improved shredders; one 15-horsepower Nichols & Shepard steam engine; one 14-horsepower Nichols & Shepard steam engine; one 20-horsepower Avery steam engine; one 8-horsepower gasoline engine. All in first-class condition. Nitscher Implement Co. 60-9-15-17.

FOR SALE—Three second-hand silo fillers. Nitscher Implement Co. 60-8-24-17.

CALL AND SEE the Hoover Potato Digger and Picker. Nitscher Implement Co. 60-8-29-17.

BICYCLES

BICYCLING is a healthful pastime. These ads will tell you where to buy. HIGH GRADE BICYCLES. C. H. Cox. 48-12-30-17.

PREMO BROTHERS for Bicycles.

48-11-28-17.

LOST AND FOUND

VALUABLE articles are restored to their owners by means of these little Gazette ads.

LOST—Small box containing gold bracelet. Owner's name inside. Reward if returned to Gazette Office. 26-9-21-31.

LOST—500 mile interurban ticket with name Edith Elmer Burks. Return to 115 So. Main. Receive reward. 25-9-21-31.

LOST—Between Racine street and high school, Tuesday noon, a small camera pin. Return to 420 South Main street. Reward. 26-9-18-31.

FINANCIAL

FINANCIAL PROPOSITIONS must first pass the Gazette's investigation as to merit, before the ad appears.

FOR SALE—\$500.00 mortgage drawing 6 per cent interest on Janesville real estate. See Finley and Crandall. Bell phone 2097. 29-7-11-11.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY MAY BE HAD on good security if you can interest those who have it. Let them know through these columns what your needs are. Give this office as your address if you prefer.

MONEY TO LOAN—E. D. McGowan, Jackson Bldg., Janesville, Wis. 39-9-18-31.

AUCTIONS

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET—Entitled "Auction Sales and How to Prepare For Them," containing a lot of useful information on getting up an auction and the arrangement of details. A post card will bring it. Address The Janesville Gazette. 54-9-12-17.

AUCTIONEERS

THOS. M. RAFTER, General Auctioneer. Have pleased others, can please you. Bell phone 1804, Janesville.

MISCELLANEOUS

WHEN YOU DON'T FIND IT elsewhere you will usually find it advertised here.

HAIR WORK—Any kind made up and repaired. Switches from combings. Mrs. L. Hammond, 305 W. Milwaukee St. 27-9-14-17.

LEWIS FLY AND LICE DESTROYER protects your stock from flies and lice. Quays. Half Gallons and Gallons. Large supply on hand. J. W. Echlin, Successor to W. T. Flaherty, On Court Street Bridge. 60-8-27-31-17.

ASHES HAULED, sand and gravel delivered. Henry Kayser, Old phone 797. 27-9-12-17.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING—Welds any kind of metal; automobile and stove parts a specialty. Bring your work here; satisfaction guaranteed. F. B. Barton, 11 No. Jackson St., Both phones. 27-12-17.

FOR SALE

One National Underlunger car in good repair.

E. T. FISH

OXYGEN WELDING

Endless Thresher-belts, 8 inches wide.

F. O. AMBROSE

Machine and Boiler Shop. 111-113 N. Main St.

Patent Attorney

RICHARD S. C. CALDWELL, formerly of Morsell & Caldwell, Patents, Trade Marks and Copyrights. 815 Majestic Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.

If you are looking for a city home, some acre property close in, or a farm, we have them all at reasonable prices.

SCOTT & JONES

THOS. M. RAFTER GENERAL AUCTIONEER Have pleased others and can please you. JANESVILLE, WIS Phone Bell 1804

J. E. KENNEDY

Real Estate, Loans and Fire Insurance, Western Farm Lands A Specialty. SUTHERLAND BLOOM Janesville, Wis.

BAUER & RAFTER

REAL ESTATE City and farm property. 510 Jackson Bk. Janesville, Wis.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF HEARING.

STATE OF WISCONSIN. County Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at a Regular term of the County Court to be held in and for said County, at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, in said County, on the first Tuesday, to-wit: the 12th day of October, 1914, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of Sarah L. Paul, late of the City of Janesville, in said County, to admit to Probate the Last Will and Testament of Gustavus Hilmon, late of the City of Janesville, in said County, deceased. Dated September 5th, 1914.

By the Court, CHARLES L. FIFIELD, County Judge.

E. D. McGowan, Attorney for Petitioner. 9-7-31.

NOTICE OF HEARING.

STATE OF WISCONSIN. County Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at a Regular term of the County Court to be held in and for said County, at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, in said County, on the first Tuesday, to-wit: the 12th day of October, 1914, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of John Cunningham for the adjustment and allowance of his final account as executor of the will of Lou Moran, late of the City of Janesville, in said County, deceased, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate, to such other persons as are by law and the will of said deceased entitled thereto. Dated September 5th, 1914.

By the Court, CHARLES L. FIFIELD, County Judge.

John Cunningham, Attorney for Executor. 9-8-31.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN. County Court for Rock County. Geo. G. Sutherland, Plaintiff, vs. Charles T. Pelton, Agnes H. Pelton, his wife, and Herman A. Gaulke, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of and in pursuance to the judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled action at a regular term of said Circuit Court for Rock County, Wisconsin, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1914, in favor of the above named plaintiff and against the above named defendants, I shall offer for sale and sale rendered in the above entitled action at a regular term of said Circuit Court for Rock County, Wisconsin, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1914, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day the following described land and premises in and by said judgment of foreclosure decreed to be sold, all situated in the City of Janesville, Rock County, Wisconsin, and described as follows:

To-wit: Eight (8) acres of land of the north side of a place of land containing fourteen (14) acres in the northwest quarter of section thirty (30) north and range 10 east and township 36 north, in the City of Janesville, Rock County, Wisconsin, and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the center of the highway leading from Janesville to Milton, and running thence east along said section line thirteen and 1/2 miles (13.5 miles) to the south quarter line seven and 1/2 miles (7.5 miles) thence west and parallel with the north line of said section twenty-six (26) degrees thirty (30) minutes east and 34-100 (3.4) chains to the center of said highway; thence north twenty-six (26) degrees thirty (30) minutes east and 34-100 (3.4) chains to the point of beginning. The last chains to the point of beginning being the same line described in Volume 187 of Deeds on page 195 of Rock County, Wisconsin, records. Together with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay said judgment and costs, and cost of sale. Dated August 3rd, 1914.

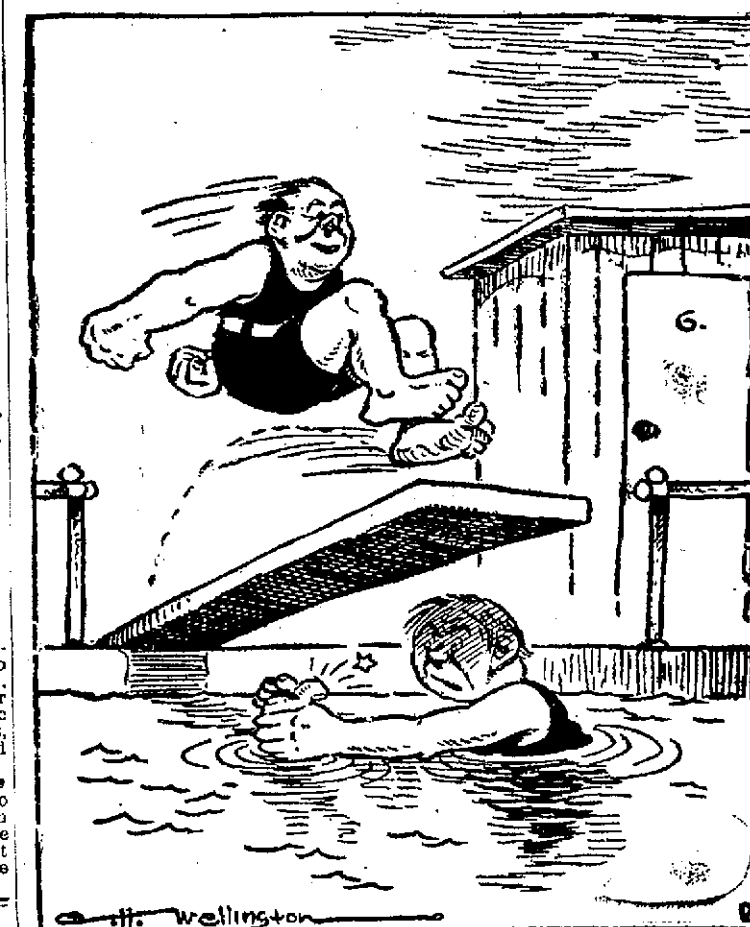
C. B. WHIPPLE, Sheriff of Rock County, Wisconsin.

FORTY YEARS AGO

Janesville Daily Gazette, Sept. 21, 1914.—The city caucused on Saturday evening resulted in the election of the following delegates:
 First ward—H. A. Smith, F. S. Lawrence, B. F. Crosssett.
 Second ward—A. C. Bates, S. C. Burnham, F. M. A. Ott.
 Third ward—S. J. M. Putnam, Orrin Guernsey, Edward P. Carpenter.
 Fourth ward—M. Conant, S. C. Cobb, H. S. Hogoboom, W. T. Van Kirk.
 Fifth ward—J. B. Carle, Richard O'Donnell.
 We have ascertained that the arrangements of the gas company are only to provide for lighting the city lamps when the moon is not expected to attend the wants of the citizens, and on Friday last Chastie Luna was supposed to be responsible for the illumination of the parties attending All Souls' dance at Apollo hall. The moon of the gas company, therefore, must be blamed.

This day marks the feast of the atonement, a celebration at least four thousand years old, and typical of one of the most sacred mysteries of the Christian faith. Our Israelitish friends in this city have closed their places of business to indicate their appreciation of the commemoration.
 Butter is being sold at 28 cents per pound, and the proud bearing of certain cows may be expected to attract attention unless recent rains have them moderate their haughty pretensions and sell their untoward productions at lower figures.
 Seven three card monte men went up to Monroe, Saturday, to afford citizens attending the fair an opportunity to amass a fortune by betting on the cards. Four of them started to return to the city this morning, and a prominent local citizen was supposed to be responsible for the illumination of the parties attending All Souls' dance at Apollo hall. The moon of the gas company, therefore, must be blamed.

---And the Worst is yet to Come



Who is the author of this book?



Who is the author of this book?

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

STATE OF WISCONSIN. County Court for Rock County. In Probate. Notice is hereby given that at a Regular term of the County Court to be held in and for said County, at the Court House, in the City of Janesville, in said County, on the first Tuesday, to-wit: the 12th day of October, 1914, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and adjusted:

All claims against Sarah L. Paul, late of the City of Janesville, in said County, deceased. Dated September 5th, 1914.

By the Court, CHARLES L. FIFIELD, County Judge.

John Cunningham, Attorney for Executor. 9-8-31.

BRANCH OFFICE FOR GAZETTE AT BAKER & SON

For the convenience of its patrons the public generally, the Gazette has established a branch office with J. P. Baker & Son, Drug Store, corner West Milwaukee and Franklin streets.

Copy for classified advertisements, orders for papers, subscriptions and matters of this nature, as well as items of news may be left at the Baker Drug Store, and will receive the same prompt attention as if they were sent direct to the office.

DAILY GAZETTE

WAR ATLAS COUPON

Inclosed please find 17c for which please send me one copy of your great War Book, entitled "Europe at War." (If ordering by mail please inclose 2 cents extra for postage.)

Name _____

City _____

State _____

Clip this out and bring or mail to Gazette.

